The Asheville News.

VOL. II---NO. 15.} ASHEVILLE, N. C., OCTOBER 27, 1859. {WHOLE NO. 535.

Swannanoa Lodge, No. 56,

I. O. O. F.

Holds its regular meetings every Thursday evening, at Temperance Hall.

J. L. HENRY, *N. G.*
S. W. BURGIN, *R. S.*

Asheville, Aug. 26, 1858.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

WE have this day formed a partnership for the practice of MEDICINE and SURGERY, in all their branches, under the firm and style of

MORRISON & SUMMEY.

Office, one door below J. A. Patton's store, and nearly opposite Eagle Hotel.

Calls promptly attended at all hours, day or night, and in our absence calls left at the store of Summey, Spears & Co., will receive our prompt attention.

W. MORRISON, *M. D.*
D. F. SUMMEY.

Asheville, March 31, 1859. tf.

J. F. E. HARDY, M. D., AND J. G. HARDY, M. D.,

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of *MEDICINE*, in its various branches.

Office—front room in the Temperance Hall Building, nearly opposite the Bank of Cape Fear.

Asheville, Feb. 17, 1859. tf.

W. L. HILLIARD, M. D.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.,

☞Office first door south of the Bank☜

January 6, 1859.

M. L. NEILSON, M. D.,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

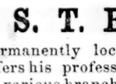
January 11, 1855.

DR. J. S. T. BAIRD,

HAVING permanently located in ASHEVILLE, offers his professional services to the public, in the various branches of his profession. He can always be found at home, unless professionally absent.

March 18, 1858.

G. W. WHITSON,

SURGEON  DENTIST,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

DR. JOHN C. LOVE,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Jackson county, in the practice of Medicine and Surgery. He will attend promptly to all calls, day and night.

Office 1½ miles north of Webster, at the residence of J. B. Love, Esq.

March 17, 1859. 1y

J. R. LOVE, JR.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WEBSTER, N. C.

WILL practice in the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison and Yancy. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to. [Aug. 18, 1859—1y

ERWIN & HARDY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WILL practice in the County and Superior Courts of Henderson, Buncombe, Madison, Yancy and Polk.

MARCUS ERWIN. W. M. HARDY.

August 25, 1859. 1y

David Coleman,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

March 3, 1853. tf.

W. L. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

HAVING located at Asheville, will attend the Courts of Buncombe and surrounding counties. Office at Gudger's Hotel.

December 16, 1858.

R. H. CANNON,

Attorney at Law,

Webster, Jackson County, N. C.

October 21, 1858. 1y

SAM. C. BRYSON,

Attorney at Law.

WILL practice in all the Courts of the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe and Madison.

Office at Waynesville, Haywood county.

February, 1859.

H. A. BOONE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Webster, Jackson County, N. C.

WILL practice in the counties of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson and Haywood.

Oct. 14, 1858.

W. G. CANDLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Montmorency Multiflorus,

(Homony Creek P. O., Buncombe County, N. C.)

July 21, 1859. 6m

WILLIAM F. JONES,

Attorney at Law,

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

(Lately removed from Hendersonville, N. C.)

July 28, 1859. 1y

ASHEVILLE

CARRIAGE SHOP.

HAVING bought the interest of E. L. Triplett in the wood shop, I now offer my services to the citizens of Asheville and surrounding country. Thankful for the past favors, I will continue to carry on the

Carriage and Buggy Making

business in its various branches. Also, wagons, carts, &c. I still occupy the old stand of James Smith, in the south of Asheville.

From my long experience, I flatter myself I shall be able to give entire satisfaction. My work shall not be surpassed in the State.

Repairing neatly executed at short notice, and must be paid for before removed.

Produce taken in exchange for work.

Orders from a distance promptly attended.

D. C. McGREGOR.

January 20, 1859. tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE IN MARION, N. C.

THE undersigned offers for sale a valuable residence in the town of Marion, McDowell county. The lot contains about half an acre, and has upon it a neat and convenient residence, a ten-pin alley, and all necessary out-buildings.—It lies upon main street, immediately adjoining Stephens' Hotel, and is very desirable property. Further information concerning it can be had by calling on G. W. Glass, Esq., of Marion.

If not disposed of privately, it will be offered at public sale during the week of the next County Court of McDowell county.

It will be sold on six months credit, the purchaser giving note and approved security.

J. R. HEMPHILL.

Asheville, June 2, 1859. tf

Save Your Wood,

BY buying some of my STOVES for cooking and warming your rooms. Also, Call and examine a large assortment of

TIN WARE,

of every variety, which I will sell cheap for cash or old Copper, wholesale or retail.

Any article in my line made to order at short notice.

H. LINDSEY.

January 6, 1859. tf.

COOKING STOVES.

THE undersigned is just receiving a large lot of Cooking Stoves, of the most *approved patterns* and *designs*, and embracing all sizes, from the *smallest to the largest*. Come, bring your money, and buy one at *low figures*.

JAS. B. RANKIN.

EVERY kind of country produce taken in exchange for Goods, by

Nov. 18, 1859. J. A. PATTON.

Town Property

FOR SALE.

THE house and lot now occupied by M. L. Doyle, is offered for sale. The lot fronts on the Public Square, and has upon it neat and comfortable buildings—including dwelling, storehouse, stables, carriage house, bake oven, &c.

The property is valuable, and well adapted for a private residence or business stand.

For further information inquire of M. L. Doyle on the premises, or the undersigned.

—0—*ALSO*—0—

A FARM, lying 2½ miles from Asheville, in Chunn's Cove, and in the neighborhood of Mr. Stephen Lee's. The tract contains 100 acres—is well timbered, well watered, and very productive.

For terms, apply to M. L. Doyle, in Asheville, or to the subscriber.

T. KEENAN.

JUST received, and now being opened, an excellent stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

We invite our lady friends to call and examine for themselves.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

PILES. FISTULA,

Strictures, Tumors, Cancers, Scrofula, &c.

PAMPHLETS containing testimonials of the highest character as to his success, will be forwarded to any that wish them. Those wishing to test the efficacy of Dr. Clopton's Wonderful Remedies, must give a correct description of the disease, its appearance in its incipient stage, present condition, location, &c.

A three cent stamp must accompany all communications. Address,

J. A. CLOPTON, M. D.,
Huntsville, Ala.

March 24, 1859. 1y.

REEMS CREEK, N. C., April 25, 1859.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON—*Dear Sir:* Yours dated 3d inst., came to hand about ten days ago. I should have written sooner but got one of my hands badly hurt. The Ointment I got from you, I think three years ago, made a perfect cure of a sore on my face of long standing. It has been a neglect in me not to acknowledge it sooner.—There are two men in my neighborhood afflicted with cancer. I presume these cases have too far advanced to be cured. E. H. McClure has one which began just under the eye, and has gone round the eye. The eye if not destroyed is sunk. Robert Hunter's began close to his ear where the jaw bone works up to the ear, now spread all round, got down on his neck. I done my best two years ago for them to go and see you. Hunter started, got into Georgia, met with some old woman who undertook his case and he turned back. Willis Lunsford took my advice, he got the Ointment from you some months ago, he is now completely cured. The place I described to you on my breast I think is probably cured or checked for the present.

Respectfully yours,
WM. COLEMAN.

NOTICE.

THE members of the Asheville Mutual Insurance Company will convene at the Office of the Company on Friday October 21st, proximo, for the purpose of electing Directors and Officers for the next year.

JAS. B. RANKIN, *Sec'y.*

Sept. 22, 1859. tdm

HOOP SKIRTS.

ALL kinds of "hoop skirts," at every price, from $1 50 to $5, just received at

Aug. 25. J. A. PATTON'S.

ED. J. ASTON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

STORE—Brick Corner, opposite the Court House.

RESIDENCE—Church street, opposite the Episcopal Church.

☞Prescriptions put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours of the day or night.

Asheville, March 25, 1858.

1859. FALL. 1859.

DRY GOODS.

Hopkins, Hull & Atkinson,

BALTIMORE,

ASK the attention of buyers to their large and elegant stock of

FALL DRY GOODS,

which has been purchased most carefully, and on the best terms. To prompt dealers we shall sell our Goods low. We ask buyers who have never examined our stock to call and do so, believing that we can make it to their interest to deal with us; and TO OUR OLD FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS we shall offer increased advantages.

ORDERS sent to us shall have *special and prompt attention.*

Hopkins, Hull & Atkinson,
258 Baltimore Street,
Baltimore.

August 17, 1859. 2m

STILL AFLOAT!

IN these times of "new systems" and "cash stores," with proof positive that no one can live unless he buys and sells for cash, we would like to remind our numerous friends that we still

Sell on a Credit!

(With the understanding that it must be paid 1st of each January,) to all responsible and punctual men, and on as accommodating terms as the much abused system of credit will allow. Be it understood, however, that if you have money to spend, and want to pay for your Goods, we will sell for CASH as low as any purely cash house can sell. Although we sell on credit, we don't refuse cash for our goods.

We have a good stock, to which we are constantly adding, and to which we respectfully call the attention of our customers.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

Feb. 17, 1859. tf

NEW FAMILY GROCERY AND EATING SALOON.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the citizens of Asheville and vicinity that he will open during the week before the next April Court, a regular family Grocery and

EATING SALOON.

He will have in his Establishment Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, Dried Beef, Bacon, Bologne Sausages, Oysters, Sardines, Salmon, Lobsters, Cheese, Crackers, Candies, Raisins, Tobacco, Segars, &c., &c. A quantity of all sorts of

BREAD,

kept constantly on hand. It is his purpose to keep a number one house, and solicits a share of the public patronage.

All kinds of country produce, Butter, Eggs, Poultry &c., taken in exchange for Edibles, or bought at the market price.

Call at the store house immediately south of Gudger's Hotel on the court house square, and you shall have anything to Eat you may call for. No Liquors kept in the establishment.

Meals prepared on short notice, and at any hour, day or night.

A. B. ROMANO, Agent.

March, 24, 1859. tf.

1859. 1859. SPRING STOCK.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE now opening at their old stand, a very desirable and attractive stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

Having been purchased by an experienced merchant in the city of New York, on the most favorable terms, they hope to give satisfaction to their patrons, and be enabled to sell as cheap as the big house, or any other. We invite all to call and examine our stock.

April 7, 1859. tf

JAS. A. PATTON

Is now prepared to exhibit an unusually extensive & varied assortment of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES & CLOTHING,

FOR the SPRING TRADE, inviting special attention to his DRESS GOODS, both for ladies and gentlemen.

Particular attention has been paid to the selection of his Stock for the present season, and he feels assured that the public have now an opportunity of supplying themselves on the most favorable terms, with the choicest goods and latest patterns.

To prompt paying and responsible persons, he is anxious to sell both for CASH and on a CREDIT; but he has no hesitation in saying that he can and does sell much cheaper for CASH.

Every species of Domestic Produce, Hay, Corn, and grain of every sort, taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest market price.

The first Store in the south end of the village.—Look for it! There you will always find a hearty welcome, a full supply of all the articles usually kept in a country store, of first rate quality, and at MODERATE PRICES.

Asheville, April 14, 1859. tf

The Willis Water Wheel.

THE undersigned is the Patentee of the "Willis Water Wheel," and will sell State or County Rights low.

ALSO—a small tract of land, with comfortable buildings, on the waters of Homony Creek, Buncombe county, within 3 miles of the White Sulphur Springs, and will give ample credit on land or Patent Rights. Address, Homony P. O., Buncombe county. OSCAR WILLIS.

July 21, 1859. tf

LIST OF LETTERS,

Remaining in the Post Office at Asheville, N. C., at close of Quarter ending September 30th, 1859.

Ashe, Thos.		Lanier, Miss R.	
Abbott, M. P.	2	Lochler, Caswell	
Addison, Jas. R.		McCaughin, R. L.	
Alexander, S. E.		McFee, Mrs. C.	
Andrews, Harvy		Miller, David	
Anderson, Dr Wm.		Merriett, Mrs. Sallie	
Butler, Miss Malinda		Miller, J. M.	
Bussy, Mrs. Sarah		Mackbanks, Stephen	
Brown, Wm C.		Munday, Alexander	
Brown, W. A. G.		McKee, Dr. R. H.	
Brooks, C. B.		McKee, Thos W.	
Ballew, G. M.		McCullor, R. C.	
Bates, Sames C.		McCrary, J. T.	2
Bates, Humphrey		Morrison, Miss M. R.	
Bedon, S. M.		Oliver, Alexander	
Banks, Hugh R.		Plemmons, Peter	
Bullock, Alfred		Posey, Miss B. A.	
Brevard, D. L.		Poter, Rev. W.	
Craven, Noah		Penly, Wm.	
Corn, Miss Elizabeth		Palmeter, L.	
Clontz, Mrs. Elizabeth		Patton, J. R.	
Clark, Jesse		Pinner, Leander	
Clarkson, T. B.		Patton, Newton	
Carraway, Jss. F.	4	Parsons, Wm R.	
Cregar, P. W.		Presnell, W A.	
Colton, H. E.		Horter, Miss L. E.	
Carraway, Mrs. A. D.		Patton, Mrs. M. J.	
Corpening, T. J.		Patton, W. W.	
Dotter, Wm.		Patton, J. M.	
Duckett, Rich'd or Wes.		Page, James	
Duckett, Mrs. Mary		Quinn, Joseph	
Davidson, Miss M. E.		Ramsey, Miss M. J.	
Du Rose, R. M.	2	Roberts, John	
Davis, Mrs. Elizabeth		Rogers, S. D.	2
Dunkin, A.		Rankin, Rev. Jesse	
Douglas, Mr.		Rutherford, Wm	
Dwin, Miss Elizabeth		Redman, J. P.	
Edmonds, W. A.		Sigman, Elias	
Francis, Wm A.		Singleton, James	
Fisher, R. J.		Singleton, Mrs. S. E.	
Foster, Thos H.		Singleton, Dinah	2
Finley, R. S.	2	Satterwhite, James	
Frauz, H.		Shingler, Col. W. P.	
Gardon, Mrs. Amelia.		Sanford, S. L.	
Graham, G.		Stradley, Miss M. A.	
Griggs, S.		Stewart, H. W.	
Gash, B. S.		Snowden, Miss Isabella	
Gaither, B. S.		Smith, Miss Sallie	
Gaston, J. P.		Starnes, Miss M. A.	
Gibson, J. A.		Thrash, John	
Gregor, P. W.		Thrash, Dr. G. H.	
Harris, Mrs. Elizebeth		Taylor, Thos. B.	
Higgins, Charles		Verdier, Mrs. C. B.	
Hanckle, Stuart		Winthrop, Miss M. D.	
Hockaday, Col. Wm.		Wolf, Sam. C.	
Hawkins, Daniel	2	Wilson, F M.	
Harrison, Edmund		Whitson, Miss Annie	
Howell, W. J.		Worth, Miss D.	
Howard, Leander		Willis, Oscar	
Huffman, Wm.		Wilson, Andy	
Ingram, W. R.		Wilson, James	
Jones, Gen.		Wilson, William	2
Jeffreys, S. H.		Wilson, Violett	
Jones, Josiah M.	2	Wilson, Jane W.	2
Joyce, R. H.		Watson, Mrs. T. W.	
Jones, J. R.		Warren, Wm.	
Jones, M. M.		Westmoreland, J. G.	
James, A. S.		Weinges, G. W.	
Jones, Thos.		Williams, Wm. L.	
Kelley, J B.	2	Wynn, Miss Jane E.	5
Kilpatrick, Dr. J. W.	2	Webb, W. L.	2
Kilpatrick T. A.		Williams, Robert	
Killian, D. A.		Williams, B. C.	
Logan, Philip		Williams, R. B.	
Lyms, J. J.		Whitaker, J. A.	
Leedy, Mrs. J. M.		Watts, W. D.	
Land, A. J. W.		Whitson, Mrs. Sallie	
Lunsford, Willis		Waite, Judge.	

J. H. HILLIARD, P. M.

Oct. 6, 1859.

NORTH CAROLINA

Mutual Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

SLAVES are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two-thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

Charles E. Johnson, Wm. D. Haywood, James F. Jordan, Quinten Busbee, H. W. Husted, Wm. H. McKee, Charles B. Root, Wm. W. Holden, Wm. D. Cooke, R. H. Battle, Wm. H. Jones, P. F. Pescud, K. P. Battle.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President.
William D. Haywood, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary.
William H. Jones, Treasurer.
H. W. Husted, Attorney.
Charles E. Johnson, M. D. } Medical
William H. McKee, M. D. } Board of
Richd. B. Haywood, M. D. } Consultation.
Q. Busbee, } Executive Committee.
W. H. McKee, } Executive Committee.
Charles B. Root, } Executive Committee.

For further information the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to R. H. BATTLE, *Sec'y.*

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1859.—1y.

ASHEVILLE

Mutual Insurance Company.

AT a meeting of the members of the Asheville Mutual Insurance Company, convened in Asheville ot Friday October 17th, the following Board of Directors and officers were elected to serve during the year, viz:

DIRECTORS.

James W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, J. M. Blair, N. W. Woodfin, J. E. Patton, B. J. Smith, Hugh Johnston, Ephraim Clayton, M. Patton.

OFFICERS.

J. R. Osborne, President.
W. W. McDowell, Vice President.
J. B. Rankin, Secretary and Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

W. D. Rankin, M. Patton, J. W. Patton.

MEDICAL BOARD.

J. F. E. Hardy, M. D.
J. D. Boyd, " "
W. L. Hilliard " "

ATTORNIES.

Z. B. Vance, A. S. Merrimon.

All communications should be addressed to J. B. RANKIN, *Sec'y.*

Asheville, Nov. 15, 1856.

"Trust in God."

How many worn and weary feet
Tread this world of ours;
How many restless ones keep watch
Through the midnight hours.

How many dark and narrow paths
Wind around this friendless globe;
How many broken hearts lie hid
Beneath a shining robe.

Methinks for every star above
There is a grave below!
What's in the star, or in the grave
The Lord above alone can know.

Behind each sunbeam softly glides
A shadow dark and cold;
There's waiting for each living one
A deep grave in the mold.

This life is but a tragedy,
Darkest towards the close;
The scene begun with fear and pain,
The end the sexton knows.

All that the bravest ones can do
Is to have faith in God;
And walk along the fearful way,
Leaning on his rod.

Thyself, thy friends—yea, all the world,
Is naught but living dust;
God lives and blessed be his name,
For him we all can trust.

Trust thou in God not only when
Life gaily teems around,
But when thy soul in sackcloth lies,
Crushed upon the ground.

To-day, as He was yesterday,
Jesus is still the same;
To-morrow's sun will change Him not—
Jehovah is his name.

Public Taxes of North Carolina.

We are indebted to Mr. Comptroller Brogden for the following statement of taxes paid into the Public Treasury, for the year ending September, 1859, by the Sheriffs of the different Counties.—The amount, it will be seen, is $607,813 68, exclusive of the Bank tax and the taxes yet unpaid of Bladen and McDowell. Bladen paid last year $4,287, 81, and McDowell $2,326 94, and the Bank tax was about $35,000, making $41,614 75 from these sources. This amount, added to the $607,813 68 already given, will give for the year the sum of $649,428 43—in round numbers, say $650,000.

The amount received for 1858, exclusive of Bank tax, was $502,612 75. Add $35,000, about the amount of Bank tax, and we have $537,612 76 for 1858, showing an increase for the year ending in 1859, of $111,815 67 or a fraction over twenty per cent.

We also give the amounts paid by the Counties in 1858, so as to show the increase for 1859:

A STATEMENT

Of the aggregate gross amount of Public Taxes derived from all subjects of taxation in the several Counties of the State, and accounted for by the Sheriffs, 30th September, 1859:

Counties.	1858.	1859.
Alamance,	$ 5,774 87	$ 7,025 27
Alexander,	1,591 85	2,157 23
Aleghany,		700 00
Anson,	8,338 15	9,081 95
Ashe,	2,947 28	2,685 91
Beaufort,	9,251 80	11,121 10
Bertie,	8,533 79	10,800 45
Bladen,	4,287 81	
Brunswick,	3,174 03	4,275 22
Buncombe,	4,345 50	5,925 24
Burke,	3,676 00	4,293 67
Cabarrus,	6,858 11	8,450 30
Caldwell,	2,281 07	2,841 85
Camden,	3,804 99	3,510 86
Carteret,	2,275 79	3,457 85
Caswell,	10,886 50	13,068 54
Catawba,	3,850 66	4,988 37
Chatham,	7,514 42	9,867 82
Cherokee,		2,090 97
Chowan,	5,345 65	6,044 39
Cleaveland,	3,636 40	4,579 73
Columbus,	3,740 92	4,544 00
Craven,	13,714 03	15,794 79
Cumberland,	14,003 83	17,043 30
Currituck,	2,897 08	3,352 80
Davidson,	6,843 89	8,373 63
Davie,	3,831 98	4,921 97
Duplin,	6,045 91	7,589 07
Edgecombe,	14,164 94	17,321 98
Forsyth,	7,326 97	8,371 75
Franklin,	8,144 26	9,934 83
Gaston,	3,699 58	4,558 92
Gates,	4,334 50	5,271 36
Granville,	13,115 33	15,532 87
Greene,	3,779 88	4,614 67
Guilford,	10,175 30	13,028 43
Halifax,	12,612 35	16,051 01
Harnett,	2,156 45	2,891 81
Haywood,		1,614 72
Henderson,	3,532 09	4,481 15
Hertford,	6,181 41	7,211 03
Hyde,	3,595 99	4,347 10
Iredell,	7,160 85	8,686 68
Jackson,	942 07	1,489 88
Johnston,	6,276 87	7,640 84
Jones,	2,849 62	3,744 28
Lenoir,	6,577 19	7,355 65
Lincoln,	4,269 50	5,045 22
McDowell,	2,326 94	
Macon,	1,274 96	1,642 68
Madison,	1,036 72	1,362 41
Martin,	6,413 29	6,956 27
Mecklenburg,	13,206 62	15,426 27
Montgomery,	2,202 69	3,030 14
Moore,	3,779 31	4,914 97
Nash,	5,955 90	7,210 30
New Hanover,	26,150 77	29,988 70
Northampton,	7,981 92	10,227 76
Onslow,	3,328 66	4,603 93
Orange,	11,741 13	12,428 79
Pasquotank,	5,794 38	7,645 25
Perquimans,	4,829 92	5,789 84
Person,	5,815 08	7,086 37
Pitt,	8,758 26	10,128 89
Polk,	1,120 28	1,361 38
Randolph,	5,719 90	7,121 29
Richmond,	5,782 58	7,416 17
Robeson,	4,886 47	6,596 21
Rockingham,	8,738 44	10,811 95
Rowan,	10,966 63	14,409 21
Rutherford,	4,270 40	5,260 83
Sampson,	6,563 19	8,480 15
Stokes,	3,244 59	4,260 74
Stanly,	2,602 57	2,849 13
Surry,	2,909 65	3,588 78
Tyrrell,	1,773 12	2,168 56
Union,	4,084 65	5,166 62
Wake,	21,652 66	25,004 88
Warren,	11,250 62	14,134 32
Washington,	3,866 82	4,234 92
Watauga,	1,078 43	1,402 36
Wayne,	9,321 16	11,252 64
Wilkes,	2,974 28	3,818 45
Wilson,	5,741 06	7,221 41
Yadkin,	3,146 13	3,854 90
Yancey,		1,525 75
	Total,	$607,813 68

Cherokee, Haywood and Yancey were not returned in time to be included in the table for 1858. Alleghany, a new County, paid with Ashe last year.—*Raleigh Standard.*

He is no Judge of Preaching.

The North Carolina Christian Advocate published at Raleigh, in its issue of 21st ult. gives the following anecdote of Gen. Jackson, in illustration of his extraordinary knowledge of human nature. It was given to Gov. Ellis by President Buchanan during his recent visit to North Carolina, and was told by Gov. Ellis in an address to the students of Trinity College at the late commencement.

When President Jackson appointed Mr. Buchanan Minister to Russia, the friends of a certain gentleman solicited for him an appointment as secretary of legation. Although the qualifications of the gentleman were unquestionable, and his friends numerous and influential, Gen. Jackson pertinaciously refused to give him the appointment. And he explained this refusal to Mr. Buchanan by saying, "He is no judge of preaching." "How is that?" asked Mr. Buchanan. "Why," said Jackson, "I attended the Methodist church a Sunday or two ago and heard a most able and eloquent sermon by Dr. Durbin. It was the logic of the Gospel, set on fire by the fervid zeal of devotion to Christ. The effect was very great upon the congregation. All were awed into silence and reverence, and I felt as though I stood before the awful majesty of the eternal God. As I passed from the church, this gentleman for whom the appointment is solicited joined me, and broke upon the solemn feeling the sermon had inspired by saying: "The preacher has given us a very poor sermon; nothing new in it, and only a mere declamation." "Sir," added the old General, "that man is not fit for office, he is not fit to be trusted, because he is no judge of preaching."

And Gen. Jackson did not appoint him to the legation of Russia. How he was to infer disqualification for the office from want of just views of a sermon the President did not explain. But the future history of the man proved the instinctive foresight of Jackson into character. Upon Mr. Buchanan's return from Russia, he called upon the President, whose first words, after the salutation, were, "I told you that man was not to be trusted, because he was no judge of preaching, and sure enough he has been unfaithful to the trust reposed in him." And so it was, the gentleman had become guilty of a breach of all the principles which are dear to a man of honor and integrity.

This incident gives us an interesting glimpse of the peculiar character of Gen. Jackson, and is quite suggestive to persons who make or hear criticisms on sermons.

"He Did as the Rest Did."

This tame yielding spirit—this doing "as the rest did"—has ruined thousands.

A young man is invited by vicious companions to visit the theatre, or gambling room, or other haunts of licentiousness. He becomes dissipated, spends his time, loses his credit, squanders property, and at last sinks into an untimely grave. What ruined him? Simply "doing as the rest did."

A father has a family of sons. He is wealthy. Other children in the same situation of life do so and so, are indulged in this thing and that. He indulges his own in the same way. They grow up idlers, triflers and fops. The father wonders why his children does not succeed better. He has spent so much money on their education—has given them great advantages—but alas! they are only a source of vexation and trouble. Poor man; he is just paying the penalty of "doing as the rest did."

This poor mother strives hard to bring up her daughters genteelly. They learn what others do, to paint, to sing, to play, to dance, and several other useful matters. In time they marry, their husbands are unable to support their extravagance, and they are soon reduced to poverty and wretchedness. The good woman is astonished. "Truly," says she, "I did as the rest did."

The sinner, following the example of others, puts off repentance, and neglects to prepare for death. He passes so along through life, till unawares, death strikes the fatal blow. He has no time now to prepare. And he goes down to destruction, because he was so foolish as to "do as the rest did."

Jo. Lane for the Presidency.

The star of Jo. Lane, of Oregon, for the Charleston nomination, is in the ascendant in many portions of the country. Gov. Harris, of Tennessee, has declared for him, and so has Gov. Willard of Indiana. Many democratic papers, also, in various portions of the Union, have run up his flag. Among the number is the Memphis Avalanche, one of the ablest and most influential democratic organs in Tenn. which says:

"The southern democracy will cordially unite on Jo. Lane for the Presidency; but all the powers of earth cannot bring them to the support of Douglas. The one they know to be sound in principle, consistent in his devotion to southern rights, and worthy to be trusted as the Chief Magistrate of the nation. The other deserted them in the hour they most needed his services, and now preaches and promulgates doctrines which they believe to be at war with the constitution and destructive of their rights in the Union.

"The gallant Governor Willard, of Indiana, than whom a truer friend to the constitution and the rights of the States, does not live north or south of Mason and Dixon's line, zealously advocates the nomination of Gen. Jo. Lane, of Oregon, for the Presidency in 1860. Governor Willard knows the sort of stuff 'Old Jo.' is made of, and thinks his nomination equivalent to an election."—*Richmond Whig.*

The liabilities of the City of Charleston, S. C., amount to $4,717,691 26.

Guerilla Attack upon Brownsville.

By the arrival of the *Arizona*, says the New Orleans *Bulletin* of Tuesday, we are in receipt of an extra, dated the 1st inst., from the office of the Brownsville *Flag*, giving the details of the guerilla attack upon that city. On Wednesday morning, one Nopomuceno Cortinas, a Mexican outlaw, with a band variously estimated at from sixty to one hundred men, armed and on horseback, all Mexicans by nativity but most of them outlaws from Mexico, rode into the city about daylight, posted their sentinels, and proceeded to pick out the men most disagreeable to them. George Morris, William P. Neale, R. L. Johnson, Clemente Reyes and Viviano Garcia were killed by them. Alejos Vela, belonging to Cortenas' gang, was killed by Johnson. It is said that against Johnson and Garcia they had no animosity; but Mr. Johnson was the jailor, and they demanded of him the keys; he refused to deliver them, and they killed him to obtain them. Having obtained the keys of the jail, they liberated four or five prisoners confined therein for various offences, from murder to horse-stealing.—The report goes on to say:

By this time our people were about to pass around the streets, but the guerillas were in possession of them and their sentinels held the garrison gates. Soon Mexican families were seen moving their furniture, and the females declared that the outlaws had sent to various selected families warning them to leave, for they intended to burn the town and hoist their flag(?) on the American flag staff! The few Americans here could not even pass out of their houses to meet together, and the cries of "*Viva Cortinasey mueran los Gringos*," could not be heard from the various sentinels.

The news had been quickly communicated to our neighbors in Matamoras, and as soon as heard, Gen. Carvajal, Col. Miguel Tigerina, D. Agapito Longorio, D. Passment, and others, came over to inquire into the difficulties. By their entreaties the guerillas were induced to leave, yet swearing that they had others on their list—men who had desired to arrest and punish Cortinas—whom they must kill before they would disperse. One of these was the officer himself, who had once been wounded without cause, and whose further offence was that he thought himself then unjustly treated.

At a late hour our citizens met for consultation, and after much consideration, a strong patrol was organized, under an efficient officer to protect the city.

On Friday it was rumored that an immediate assault was threatened. At once every man and boy in town assembled, with very few exceptions, to assist in the defence. By the advice and approval of the Committee of Safety, a detachment of Mexican infantry passed over under General Carvajal, and stayed under guard with us all night. They are yet with us. On the night of the first attack, all the troops in Matamoras, and 500 of the citizens, remained under arms all night, ready to assist in defending our families and homes from ruin.

Cortinas, on Friday, stopped the Laredo mail, opened it and abstracted a letter written by Mr. Wm. Neale in answer to another informing him of the killing of his son.

WEDNESDAY, October 5.—It is understood that yesterday Cortinas, with his whole band, passed over the river into Mexico. The authorities of Matamoras had given orders to the various *enchargados* to disarm them as they crossed. Cortinas denied that he intended to burn the town; hut the demand for spirits of turpentine which were made at several stores on the morning of Wednesday last, leave no doubt as to his real intentions. We have never had, independent of Mexican troops, more than one hundred and twenty men under arms here, including the foreign residents and the well-affected Mexicans among us, with a large amount of property and many helpless women and children to protect. To the loyalty and just conduct of the neighboring military and civil authorities of Mexico, we are greatly indebted for our present security in the midst of an inflammable population of some twelve thousand people in the two cities.

Lieut. Langdon, U. S. A., arrived here yesterday from Fort Duncan (Eagle Pass).—He reports that at New Monterey, thirty miles south of Ringgold, he heard of the state of affairs here. He was informed that some outsiders, for whom Cortinas was not responsible, but who had joined him, lined the road between Brownsville and the Blanco, some forty miles above here.

THE OTHER SIDE OF THE QUESTION.—The following extract from a letter, dated Point Isabel, October 6, to a friend in New Orleans, throws some light upon the seemingly unprovoked attack of the "Guerillas" upon Brownsville:

You will no doubt hear of a Mexican guerilla attack upon Brownsville. The facts are simply these: There are a lot of bad characters who have been imposing upon, murdering, robbing and maltreating the Mexicans. It got to such a pass that the rancheros thought it high time to strike a blow in self-defence, and exterminate these American evil doers at one blow. So they mustered about fifty of their best men, made a dash into Brownsville at daylight on the 28th September, and hunted down their game like blood-hounds after their prey.—They succeeded in catching three of those they were after. The others, about five more, hid themselves when they found out what was going on. If there had been a garrison at Fort Brown the thing would not have happened, as the Mexicans have a great awe of the "*soldados*." The above fifty were followed by some Indians, and the rabble about town in general, who followed, of course, for no other purpose but to take advantage of the confusion, and plunder what they could; but with one or two exceptions, they distrubed no one, nor the property of any one who had done no harm to them previously. There is doubt but that our Government has displayed a most wanton disregard for the interests of this frontier, in withdrawing every soldier for a line of over 400 or 500 miles in extent, on the borders of a country infested with thieves, murderers and wild Indians.

The *Picayune* learns in addition, from the officers of the *Arizona*, that immediately after the attack was made, two expresses were sent out to San Antonio, by different routes, after U. S. troops, but none had arrived when the *Arizona* left.

The Sheriff of Brownsville also sent down an escort of thirty men for the New Orleans mails, on the arrival of the *Arizona* at Brazos, but no attempt was made by the guerillas to molest them.

We also learn that the stores were closed at Brownsville, and business suspended for a day or two after the attack, but that confidence was being restored. In addition to the two companies of Mexican troops sent over from Matamoras, some sixty citizens of Brownsville had formed themselves into a patrol to protect the population and property of the town. Meetings were also held daily to take in consideration such additional measures as the occasion called for; and among other things large contributions had been made for the support of the Mexican troops from Matamoras.

Particulars of the Duel Between Senator Broderick and Judge Terry.

The Northern papers, particularly the Black Republican and DOUGLAS organs, are making a lamentable howling over the death of their California leader in the late duel into which he forced himself by his over-bearing and reckless insults. This too when Broderick had the reputation of a crack shot, and when they had all just published with pleasing gusto and not a word of remonstrance, the fabrication that he had shot this same southern man, Judge Terry, in the throat. They expected this, but are disappointed and outraged at the result.

CINCINNATI, October 10, 1859.

The San Francisco *Times*, of the 14th ult., says that in accordance with our anticipations, the expected duel between Senator Broderick and Judge Terry took place yesterday morning, in a small valley, ten miles from Mercer Lake. The parties went out of town the night previous, passing the night in separate localities. At quarter past six Broderick and Terry arrived on the ground, attended by their seconds and physicians, Hon. J. C. McKibben and Mr. Coulter for Broderick, and Calhoun Benham, and Thos. Hays for Terry. On descending from their carriages, the parties seemed to be in the best spirits; neither appeared anxious or nervous as to the result. About half an hour was occupied in the arrangements. Ten paces were marked off, and the principals took their positions. The seconds divested them of their outside coats, white collars, and other articles which might present prominent targets; also of their watches and the coin in their pockets(?) One of the seconds then read aloud the *code duello*, which occupied a short time. Mr. Coulter then addressed the two gentlemed, saying he wished it to be understood that he should count "one—two—three," after the word "fire," after which he would say "stop;" no shot must be fired after that.

During this time the pricipals maintained their positions, and listened with composure to these details. Judge Terry stood with his head thrown slightly back, looking towards his antagonist. Each held a pistol in his hand, pointed to the ground. Each was dressed in black clothes, and wore a slouched hat. Mr. Broderick stood erect, but with his head rather down. The positions of the two were somewhot different. Judge Terry presenting only the edge of his person, keeping his left hand and shoulder well behind him; Mr. Broderick, on the contrary, though at first assuming a position somewhat similar to that of Terry, seemed to prefer a less constrained one, and gradually presented more of his body to the fire of his opponent. He held his pistol rather awkwardly, and seeming to feel this himself, he once or twice turned the wrist of his pistol arm to the right with his left hand, as though endeavoring to comply with some prescribed directions previously given him. From that time he did not raise his eyes until the word was given to fire. Once his rtght foot got a fraction beyond the line, when Mr. McKibben replaced it. The bearing of Judge Terry, though he assumed a more practiced and motionless attitude, was not one jot more that of an iron-neaved man than was that of Broderick.

At a quarter before seven Mr. Coulter pronounced the words, "Are you ready?" "Ready," responded Terry, and "Ready" was uttered by Broderick. Immediately after, "Fire—one—two—three," was pronounced in moderately quick time. Broderick raised his pistol, and had scarcely brought it to an angle of forty-five degrees from its downward position, when, owing to the delicacy of the hair trigger and his nervousness, it was discharged, the ball entering the ground four paces in advance of him. Terry fired immediately after. There was a perceptible interval in the two reports. At that instant Broderick was observed to clasp his left hand to his right breast, when it was seen that he was wounded. He reeled slowly to the tent, and before the seconds could reach him, fell to the ground, his right leg doubled under him, still grasping his weapon.

Terry, upon discharging his pistol, folded his arms, holding the pistol still smoking in his hand, but did not move from his position. Broderick's seconds ran to his aid, and Dr. Lochr commenced to staunch the wound.—The bullet entered just forward of the nipple, and lodged, as was supposed, under the left arm. He was soon afterwards borne into town in his carriage.

Previous to this Terry and his friends left the field, driving rapidly into town, and started at once from the north beach, where a boat was waiting, and proceeded to Oakland, where they took a private conveyance to Benicia; on their arrival at Benicia they took an overland conveyance to Sacramento.

Mr. Broderick was taken to the house of Leonidas Haskell, at Black Point, where he was visited during the day by hundreds of his friends. He was able to speak during the afternoon, but owing to his wounded lungs his articulation was generally indistinct and unintelligible.

The correspondent of the Cincinnati *Times* says that at fifteen minutes past nine this morning (16th ult.) Mr. Broderick breathed his last.

On Thursday last the four Episcopal bishops of New Jersey, Ohio, Texas, and Minnesota, were consecrated at Richmond. The congregation was very large, and the services imposing.

The total liabilities of Tennessee, of every kind, are $16,643,606.66

The End of the World---The Use Made of it.

Every new occurrence in the world reckoned for the time important, has the effect to awaken into renewed activity that very peculiar class of men—the interpreters of prophesy. The idea that there is contained in the Sacred Scriptures hints pointing distinctly to events that have happened and are about to happen all along the pathway of time until the end of the world, the approach of which is to be known by the fulfillment of all the prophetic passages, has, for some ages, been accepted by the Christian Church, and promulgated by many of her most eminent teachers, until the doctrine that the end is relatively near at hand, and that it is to be ushered in, and accompanied by certain wonderful signs and appearances has, come to be looked upon as almost essential to salvation. This fact, acting upon the fancies of people of a visionary cast of character has, in many cases, the effect to induce them, on the occurrence of some unusual event, as a war, or a prevailing fatal epidemic, to search for—what they are pretty sure to find to their own satisfaction—a foreshadowing of the same in Holy Writ; and, from thence, with such data as they are able to bring to bear upon their theory, drawn from Daniel, or the Revelations, to predict in turn the time, always near at hand, of the final and consumation of all things, to wit: the second coming of Christ, the Millennial reign of the Saints, and the beginning of the end.

The properest frame of mind, perhaps, for the truly faithful, is a patient waiting for the day of the Lord, careful rather to do right upon earth than to pry into arcana of Heaven in a spirit of vain curiosity as to when they may be called upon to leave it. The best people, we are inclined to think, are they who think most of their duty and least of their end. The interpreters of prophesy, as a class, have done little practical good.—The principal effect of their labors thus far has been to mislead themselves and others.—An hundred times has the day been fixed for the world to come to a finality, and as many times has the fatal period arrived and passed, and yet, all appearance, the foundations of the earth are as stable, and the equilibrium of the elements as perfect, and the moral and religious condition of mankind as hetreogenous and incomplete as at any time since the moving stars first commenced their psalmody. The greatest disturbance has evidently been in the wits of those, who, with vain curiosity, have sought to pry into the secret decrees of Heaven; for it is beyond dispute, that more than any other field of human literature, this may be said to abound with the vain babble of distracted intellects.

That the end of the world is near at hand is a doctrine which has received the almost unanimous assent of the Christian Church during more than eighteen hundred years, and at this late day to call it in question would be an act of boldness at once unnecessary and unpopular. A few years more or less matters little to this generation, and nothing to generations yet unborn, to whom the question whether they will be born or not is one in which, until born, they have no concern. To us it is of small moment whether, when we depart, all things remain or go with us, as there is no reason to believe we shall stand at all affected by the difference.

With a certain class of the clergy, however—usually men with narrow intellects and an ambition for notoriety—the coming end, with its joyful, sorrowful, awful and decicive circumstances, supplies a favorite topic of discourse and agitation. Upon the assumption that men are more easily frightened than led into aboption of religious doctrines and practices, and into the consideration of those things which are necessary to their salvation, the Bible and the newspapers are searched to find materials for sensation discourses, while men of different sects wrangle with each other and dogmatize in respect to the order and character of the constituent parts of the great drama, as if they had each some means of knowing that of which nothing is known excep through a few vauge hints in one or two of the least satisfactory books of Holy Writ.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

The Santa Fe Mail Attacked by Indians.

THE CONDUCTOR AND HIS BROTHER MURDERED.

Advices have been received at the Post Office Department from Independence, (Mo.,) stating that the Santa Fe mail which left Independence on the 19th ult. had been attacked by a party of Kiawa Indians on the 24th, and that the conductor, M. Smith, and his brother had been murdered. The disastrous intelligence was conveyed to the mail conductor at Independence by a passenger named Cole, who, though badly wounded had managed to make his escape.

Fears were also entertained that the incoming mail due at Independence on the 4th inst., and which had not been heard of on the 6th, had been also intercepted by the Indians. It is believed that Mr. Otere, delegate to Congress from New Mexico, and his wife, Judge Watts and his wife and son, and Judge Porter were passengers by that mail.

The anxiety and indignation which the news of this outrage will occasion will be somewhat allayed by the further intelligence that Col. Sumner, commanding the Department of the West, as soon as he heard of the fatal occurrence, despatched a company of dragoons to Pawnee Fort to protect the mail, and punish the offending Indians. Hopes are entertained that this prompt and energetic action on the part of Col. Sumner will result in the capture of the murderers of Smith and his brother, and the rescue of the passengers by the overdue mail. It is probble that it will be found necessary to station a party of troops at Pawnee Fork to escort the mail to Cold Spring, and thus obviate the recurrence of such a calamity as that which it is our painful duty to announce.—*Washington Constitutionalist.*

"Madam, has your piano an Æolian attachment?" asked Stubbs, the other night, of the wife of a man who appeared to live fully up to, if not beyond, his means.

"Huah?" whispered Stiggins in his ear. "It has a sheriff's attachment."

Stubbs dropped the subject.

The New York Churchman demands that the House of Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church shall sit with open doors.—Reform!

REYNOLDS' CARRIAGE & HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE undersigned invites the attention of purchasers to the largest assortment of vehicles ever offered for sale in the Southern country.

Four seat Germantowns & Rockaways from	$150 to $250
Coaches of various kinds, from	350 to 600
Six seat Rockaways, from	275 to 350
Buggies with Enamelled leather tops, from	125 to 175
Buggies without tops, from	80 to 125

All work Sold is Warranted.

Charts containing every variety of vehicle, together with a list of prices will be furnished by addressing G. N. REYNOLDS,
No. 89, Meeting st., Opposite S. C. Institute.
Oct. 6, 1859—4t.

NEWTON ACADEMY.

THE next session under the care of Rev. Jacob Hood, A. M., will commence November the 7th. Terms of admission the same as last session.

M. PATTON,
Pres. Board Trustees.

Oct. 6, 1859.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between MERRIMON & SONS,
is dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by the undersigned, at the old stand.

In a few days he will be receiving a new and heavy

Stock of Goods,

from the Northern cities, which he will take pleasure in furnishing to his customers and the public generally at very low prices.

He has now on hand a heavy supply of

Sole and Upper Leather.

ALSO,

A large quantity of CLOVER SEED. Call and see. B. H. MERRIMON.

SELLING OFF

AT COST!

Look at this, all ye who want bargains!

RANKIN & CHAPMAN

ARE SELLING OFF AT COST, for cash

Ladies,

Rankin & Chapman offer their fine lot of dress goods for cost. Give them a call.

Country Merchants,

Rankin & Chapman will sell you a bill cheaper than you can buy it in the cities.

Every Body

Give them a call. They intend to close their business right off.

TERMS.—All sums under $5, cash; all sums over that amount a negotiable Note at 30, 60 or 90 days, payable at the Branch B'k of Cape Fear at Asheville. [Sept. 15, 1859.

CHANGE!

THE firm of Rankin & Chapman is this day closed by mutual consent. Robert H. Chapman, Jr., has the management of the entire business of the concern. All persons indebted to the firm either by note or book account, are requested to come to a settlement at an early day.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

Sept. 15, 1859.

LARGE SALE
of

HORSES, MULES, &C., &C.

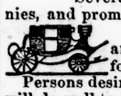
ON Friday and Saturday the 21st and 22d days of October next, I will put up at public outcry, at the VALLEY STORE, near Davidson's River, Henderson county, N. C., commencing at 12, M., punctually, a large number of HORSES, MULES, &c. Among which are

Gentle and well brokan MATCH HORSES, accustomed also to farm work.

Young Brood Mares;

Young and good N. C. Mules;

Several well formed and handsome ponies, and promising colts.



A few good Waggons, Buggies, and Carriages will also be offered for sale.

Persons desiring the above kind of property will do well to attend the sale, as they will have a large selection to choose from, and will find terms of sale accommodating, which are: a note at 6 months, without interest, with good security, or a discount of three per cent. for cash.

All persons having horses to sell are requested to send them. Corn, hay and fodder will be supplied on reasonable terms.

Persons from a distance will be well repaid for their trip, by enjoying a view of the fine French Broad Valley Lands, some of which can be had on reasonable terms.

B. C. LANKFORD.

Sept. 17, 1859. tds

JOHN CARPENTER,

WHO occupies *L. CHAPMAN'S* old stand, (late Turkey Creek) at

LEICESTER,

Is now receiving and opening a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

and purposes keeping himself well supplied in all articles usually called for at a village store. He will take in exchange for Goods all kinds of

Produce,

at fair rates, and desires as far as practicable to do a *ready pay trade.*

For *CASH* he is determined to be undersold by no party this side of the Blue Ridge.

To his old customers and friends he promises to make it worth their while to examine his stock; while new ones, he feels satisfied, will have only to try him to call again.

Leicester, Sept. 15, 1859. tf

6 Doz. Hostetter's Bitters,
6 doz. Kinchen's Alterative,
6 doz. Sanford's Invigorator,
6 " Concentrated Lye,
6 " Brown's Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

NEW GOODS!

New Goods, at SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.
October 11, 1859.

SHERIFF'S DEEDS,
DEEDS OF TRUST,
EQUITY DEEDS,
DEEDS OF CONVEYANCE,
And all other Blanks, for sale here.

Molasses, Molasses.

MANUFACTURED from the Chinese Sugar Cane, by W. W. McDowell, for sale by gallon or barrel, by

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Office of the Directors of Literary Fund,
RALEIGH, *September 28th*, 1859.

The President and Directers of the Literary Fund, having made distribution of the net income of said Fund, for the year 1859, among the several Counties of the State for Common Schools, have directed the following Tabular Statement to be published, showing the Spring and Fall distribution to each County, and the total distribution during the year.

The amount of the Fall Distribution will be paid to the persons entitled to the same, upon application to the Treasury Department.

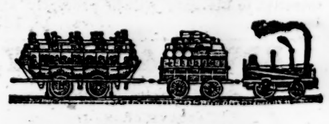
Jackson County will receive 30 per cent of the amount allotted to Macon County, and the remainder of its share from that allotted to Haywood. Alleghany, Madison and Polk will receive their respective shares from the Counties from which they were formed, there having been no report of the population from said Counties.

JOHN W. ELLIS,
President ex-officio of the Literary Fund.

GRAHAM DAVES,
Secretary to Board of Directors.

COUNTIES.	Fed. Pop.	Spring Dis.	Fall Dis.	Total Dis.	Deduct for Deaf and Dumb.	
Alamance,	10,166	$ 1,219 92	1,219 92	2,439 84	Bettie Ray,	75 00
Alexander,	5,003	600 36	600 36	1,200 72		
Alleghany,						
Anson,	10,756	1,290 72	1,290 72	2,581 44	Wm. J. Covington,	75 00
Ashe,	8,539	1,024 68	1,024 68	2,049 36		
Beaufort,	11,716	1,405 92	1,465 92	2,811 84		
Bertie,	9,973	1,196 76	1,196 76	2,393 52	David J. Watson,	
Bladen,	8,024	962 88	962 88	1,925 76	Joseph Watson,	225 00
Brunswick,	5,951	714 12	714 12	1,428 24	Eliza J. C. Watson,	
Buncombe,	12,338	1,480 56	1,480 56	2,961 12		
Burke,	6,919	830 28	830 28	2,669 56		
Cabarrus,	8,674	1,040 88	1,040 88	2,081 76		
Caldwell,	5,836	700 32	700 32	1,400 64		
Camden,	5,174	620 88	620 88	1,241 76	Thos. Berry,	75 00
Carteret,	6,208	744 96	744 96	1,489 92		
Caswell,	12,161	1,459 32	1,459 32	2,918 64		
Catawba,	8,234	988 08	988 08	1,976 16		
Chatham,	16,055	1,926 60	1,926 60	3,853 20	Sarah C. Fooshee,	75 00
Cherokee,	6,703	804 36	804 36	1,608 72		
Chowan,	5,252	630 24	630 24	1,260 48		
Cleaveland,	9,697	1,162 64	1,163 64	2,327 28		
Columbus,	5,308	636 96	636 96	1,273 92		
Craven,	12,329	1,469 48	1,470 48	2,958 96	John R. Strickland.	
Cumberland,	10,634	1,276 06	1,276 08	2,552 14	Harriet A. Strickland,	225 00
Currituck,	6,257	750 84	750 84	1,501 68	Jesse Holder,	
Davidson,	14,123	1,694 76	1,694 76	3,389 52		
Davie,	6,998	839 76	839 76	1,679 52		
Duplin,	11,111	1,333 32	1,333 32	2,666 64	Ellen C. Johnson,	75 00
Edgecombe,	10,018	1,202 12	1,202 16	2,404 28		
Forsyth,	10,627	1,275 74	1,275 74	2,551 48		
Franklin,	9,510	1,141 20	1,141 20	2,282 40		
Gaston,	7,228	867 36	867 36	1,734 72		
Gates,	6,878	825 36	825 36	1,650 72		
Granville,	17,310	2,076 36	2,076 36	4,152 72		
Greene,	5,320	638 52	638 40	1,176 92		
Guilford,	18,480	2,217 60	2,217 60	4,435 20		
Halifax,	13,007	1,560 84	1,560 84	3,121 68	Mary Burt,	75 00
Harnett,	7,089	850 70	850 68	1,701 38		
Haywood,	6,907	828 84	828 84	1,757 68		
Henderson,	6,883	825 96	825 96	1,651 92		
Hertford,	6,656	798 72	798 72	1,597 44		
Hyde,	6,585	790 20	790 20	1,580 40		
Iredell,	13,062	1,567 44	1,567 44	3,144 88		
Jackson,						
Johnston,	11,149	1,337 92	1,337 92	2,675 84		
Jones,	3,935	472 20	472 20	944 40		
Lenoir,	6,181	741 84	741 84	1,483 68	Eunice Gurganous,	75 00
Lincoln,	6,924	840 88	830 88	1,661 76		
Madison,						
Macon,	6,169	740 28	740 28	1,480 56		
Martin,	6,961	836 32	835 32	1,670 64		
McDowell,	5,741	688 92	687 92	1,377 84	Jasper Jamison,	150 00
Mecklenburg,	11,724	1,406 88	1,406 88	2,813 76	Mary M. Nichols,	
Montgomery,	6,166	739 56	739 56	1,479 12	Wm. Shuffield,	75 00
Moore,	8,552	1,026 26	1,026 26	2,052 52		
Nash,	7,905	948 58	948 58	1,897 16		
New Hanover,	14,236	1,708 32	1,708 32	3,416 64		
Northampton,	10,731	1,287 72	1,287 72	2,575 44		
Onslow,	7,040	844 80	844 80	1,689 60		
Orange,	14,957	1,794 84	1,794 84	3,589 68		
Pasquotank,	7,708	924 96	924 96	1,849 92		
Perquimons,	6,030	723 60	723 60	1,447 20	James Sane,	75 00
Person,	8,825	1,059 00	1,059 00	2,118 00		
Pitt,	10,745	1,289 40	1,289 40	2,578 80		
Polk,						
Randolph,	15,176	1,811 12	1,821 12	3,642 24		
Richmond,	7,936	952 32	952 32	1,904 64		
Robeson,	11,080	1,329 60	1,329 60	2,659 20		
Rockingham,	12,363	1,383 56	1,488 56	2,967 12		
Rowan,	12,329	1,479 48	1,479 48	2,950 96	John B. Watson,	75 00
Rutherford,	12,388	1,486 56	1,486 56	2,979 12		
Sampson,	12,311	1,477 32	1,477 32	2,954 64	Paid $300—due $375	75 00
Stanly,	6,348	761 76	761 76	1,523 52	for 5 pupils,	
Stokes,	8,490	1,018 80	1,018 80	2,037 60		
Surry,	8,132	975 84	975 84	1,951 68	Larkin Snow,	75 00
Tyrrell,	4,452	534 24	534 24	1,068 48	Rebecca Trull,	150 00
Union,	9,258	1,110 96	1,110 96	2,221 92	Jane A. Benton,	
Wake,	21,123	2,534 76	2,534 76	5,069 32		
Warren,	10,366	1,243 92	1,243 92	2,487 84	Martha Adams,	75 00
Washington,	4,730	573 60	573 60	1,147 20		
Watauga,	3,348	401 76	401 76	803 52		
Wayne,	10,317	1,238 09	1,238 09	2,476 18		
Wilkes,	11,642	1,397 04	1,397 04	2,794 08	Thos. Harding,	75 00
Wilson,	6,754	810 45	810 45	1,620 90		
Yadkin,	9,511	1,141 32	1,141 32	2,282 64		
Yancey,	8,068	968 16	968 16	1,937 32		
Total,	752,542	$90,425 04	$90,425 04	$180,850 08		$1,800 00

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT!

C. S. BROWN & CO.'S
FOUR HORSE COACHES FOR THE EAST,

LEAVE Asheville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock, A. M., reaching Morganton to SUPPER, by 8 o'clock, remaining over night, and will connect every trip (or refund the Fare) with the

Trains of the Western North Carolina Railroad,

At the Catawba River, arriving in Salisbury by 4 o'clock, and Charlotte to supper by 7 o'clock. There is no NIGHT TRAVEL on this Route, and by the 15th of November the Cars will arrive at Newton. Passengers will then arrive in Salisbury to Dinner.

By our old Schedule we lost several connections with the Cars. In every instance where a connection is lost by our Line after this date *we will refund the Fare and pay your expenses.*

C. S. BROWN & CO.

Oct. 13, 1859. 2m

United States Mail Line,

FROM

Asheville to Charlotte.

DAILY.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the traveling public to the above line of

DAILY STAGES,

connecting at Charlotte with the Daily Trains on the Columbia and Charlotte, and the North Carolina Rail Roads.

To persons going East this is the cheapest as well as the most direct route, and passes through one of the most romantic and beautiful regions of Western Carolina. Running in full view of the celebrated

HICKORY NUT FALLS,

in day light, the traveler has an opportunity of viewing that magnificent and wonderful work of nature. A fine view is also obtained of the loftiest peaks of the world-renowned

BLACK MOUNTAIN.

Many other noted localities cannot fail to interest the traveler.

New and splendid Coaches, fine Stock and the very best Drivers, will insure the comfort, speed and safety of passengers.

Office at Charlotte: Kerr's Hotel.
" " Asheville: Gudger's Hotel.

J. F. SULLIVAN,
Contractor.

July 7, 1859. 6m

☞ Charlotte Democrat copy 6 months.

CITY OF MOREHEAD.

Great Sale of Lots.

ON Thursday, 17th November, 1859, will be sold, on a credit, to the highest bidder, a large number of LOTS in said CITY.

The completion of the Rail Road and Warehouse, the extraordinary facilities for shipment, the large class of vessels that can enter the Harbor and lie alongside the Wharf and Warehouse, the number of good buildings that are going, or have gone up, the great demand for more LOTS, all combine to make another sale necessary.

J. M. MOREHEAD, President
Shepard's Point Land Company.

Sept. 15, 1859. tds

WANTED.

I will take *OATS, RYE* and *CORN* in payment of debts due me, at their highest market price. I want Flour, and every kind of country produce. JAS. A. PATTON.

Sept. 15, 1859.

TO RENT! TO RENT!

THAT excellent stand and large and commodious building heretofore occupied by Rankin & Chapman, is offered for SALE or rent.—Persons wishing to invest will find this a most desirable property. For terms, &c., apply on the premises. [Sept. 15, 1859.

FOUND,

A FEW dollars in Bank Bills, which the owner can have by describing the same and paying for this advertisement.

ROBT. HUGHES.

Asheville, Sept. 22, 1859. tf

NAILS.

A good assortment, just received by
SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

THOMAS W. ATKIN, EDITOR.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Thursday, October 27, 1859.

TERMS.

The NEWS is published weekly, at $2 per annum, strictly in advance; $2 50 if paid at the end of six months, or $3 if not paid until the expiration of the year. Clubs of ten or more at $1 50, invariably in advance.

☞ MR. H. K. RHEA *is authorized to receive subscriptions to the News.*

☞ The Editor left here on Monday morning last, to attend the Holston Annual Conference, at Abingdon Va. He will be back next week.

New Goods.

Several of our merchants are receiving new goods. We had the pleasure of looking through a portion of the new stock of Summey, Spears & Co., a few days since, and were astonished at the immense quantities of rich and beautiful goods their capacious rooms now contain. Their stock is unsurpassed in every department, but especially were we struck with their ready made clothing department. A richer lot, we venture to say, was never exhibited any where. Any article you desire, from the richest cloth and satin to the coarsest goods, may be found in their assortment, and so far as we could judge, at very low prices. Their motto is "quick sales and small profits." It is comfortable to go through their extensive establishment and look at the rich and pretty things, even if you don't buy any of them. They take great pleasure in showing their goods, and a visit to them will repay you. Give them a call.

☞ We return our acknowledgments to the Executive Committee of the Union Agricultural, Mechanical and Commercial Society of Newbern, N. C., for a complimentary ticket to all the privileges of the Society, through their Secretary, J. F. Harrison, Esq.

The Harper's Ferry Affair.

We publish in another column full accounts of the affair at Harper's Ferry. From this, as the *South Carolinian* pertinently remarks, every one will perceive that there is a studied and determined intention on the part of some of the insane elements at the North to make war directly upon the South. If Black Republicanism would be true to its proclaimed mission, this it must do, or fail and dissolve. The conservative position of the South forces it to this; and now, when we see what the "irrepressible conflict" of Seward means—when we see the feast of blood to which it will invite the South—we have but to be ready with measures firm, quiet and decided, when the popular majority of the North shall evince their approbation of it. Such atrocious designs and bloody perpetrations in the streets of a southern town, cannot be without their effect upon the southern mind; and if they are to begin, we of the present generation are as well prepared for them as any that may succeed us.

Americans in Japan.

A letter from an American, published in the New York Express, dated Nagasaki, July 1859, says:

"There has been such a rush of traders to Japan, that almost everything that can be bought has been carried off. Nearly a hundred ships have already been to Nagaski. There were twenty-five in port when we arrived, including the war steamers. Such an influx of trade as this upon a people entirely unused and unprepared for it, has of course cleaned them out and carried prices up very rapidly. The Japanese are a very interesting people, and have more life, vivactity and expression about them than the Chinese. They don't look at you with that peculiarly Chinese vacant and wooden manner, but all full of interest and curiosity, and are always polite and good natured. Of course I except the government officials, for they, like officials of every country and race, have the faculty of makikg themselves disagreeable, and ought to be counted out of the pale of humanity. The people are very inquisitive, and ask all manner of questions. In the shops they always want to know whether we are Americans, English, Russians or Dutch. They examine very carelully every article of clothing, and say, 'Euproka' (good) when they find anything that particularly pleases their fancy. As you walk the streets you are saluted on every side by the children with 'Ohio' (how are your,) and 'Boton Kaise' (give me a button.) They have a great passion for brass buttons, and the naval officers have almost stripped their coats in making presents. If I had only known it before, I would have brought a few gross from Shanghai. It would have made me the most popular man in Nagaski. I have cut off all that could be spared, but my supply is exhausted, and I have nothing left to answer the demand of 'Boton Kaise.' There are many strange sights to be met with in Nagasaki."

Western Hog and Corn Markets---The Offering Rates

The Cincinnati Price Current of the 12th inst. has the following concerning the Western hog market, and the opening prices of new corn:

In the early part of the week about 2,500 head hogs sold at $6 net, to be delivered the first ten days of November. A a portion of them were taken to fill contracts. The last day or two the offerings at this rate were quite large, and 4,000 head, to average 225 lbs. and to be delivered between the 10th and 15th November, were on the market at $6, without finding a purchaser. 1,500 head, we understand, were contracted to be delivered before the 20th of November at $5.76; but for all November $5.50 is the outside rate offered.

In Kentucky, hogs are forward and fat, and it is probable that they will be in earlier from that State than is expected. The feeling on the part of regular dealers is quite subdued, and neno of that reckless speculative spirit, so prevalent at this time last season, is observable; and it is quite probable that the opening prices will be the highest paid during the season. Packers will undoubtedly profit by the experience of last year, and there must be the strongest kind of inducements, we think, to tempt them to pay even moderately high prices.

During the past week there has been quite a lare business done in the way of contracts for new corn, and the sales reached 50,000 bushels, begining at 65 cents and closing dull at 50 cents. Included in those sales was one lot of 25,000 bushels, to be delivered in all this month at 65 cents. This was bought in Indiana, East of Indianapolis, at 20 cents, and cost but 13 cents to deliver it here, so that the operation paid the sellers handsomely—the great anxiety to sell corn, and at the same time to buy hogs to feed it to, are very suggestive facts for those who deal in pork.

Our advices from Kentucky, with hardly an exception, report a good corn crop, and a prospective large hog crop. Beef cattle are represented abundant throughout the entire West, and in good condition. But the wheat crop is, without an exception, reported below an average.

The Insurrection in Virginia.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.

The mail agent on the Westward bound train has returned to Monocacy, and reports that the train was unable to get through.

He states that the town of Harper's Ferry is in the possession of the negroes, who arrest every one they can catch and imprison them.

The train due here at 3 o'clock this afternoon, could not get through the town, and the agent came down on a detached locomotive.

Men were seen in every direction with muskets and bayonets, who arrested every citizen and pressed them into their service, including many negroes. This being done, the United States Arsenal and Government pay offices, in which there was said to be a large amount of money, together with all the public works, were seized by the mob.

Some persons were of the opinion that the object of the insurgents is to plunder and rob the Government of the funds deposited there on Saturday.

The citizens are in a terrible state of alarm, the insurgents having threatened to burn the town.

The following despatch has been received from Monocacy, the nearest telegraph station to Harper's Ferry:

"The Western train has just arrived, and the officers confirm the statement at first received.—They say that the bridge-keeper discovered, last night, that the light had been extinguished, and on going to ascertain the cause, was pursued and fired upon by a gang of negroes and white men.

"The colored assistant in the baggage car was shot and mortally wounded, and Conductor Phelps was threatened that his train should not proceed. Being uncertain as to the condition of the bridge, he thought it prudent to wait until daylight, which detained the train six hours.

"The insurgents numbered about two hundred, blacks and whites, and had full possession of the armory. They are commanded, or rather led on, by a man named Anderson, who had but lately arrived at Harper's Ferry.

"The rioters seized a wagon, which was filled with wheat, loaded it with a quantity of muskets, and sent it up to Virginia."

BALTIMORE, Half past Four o'clock, p. m.—The train is filling with military, including the Law Grays, City Guards, Shield's Guards, and it is believed that other companies left here in the 4 o'clock train for Harper's Ferry.

On receipt of the intelligence from Harper's Ferry, orders were issued for three companies at Old Point and the corps of marines at Washington Barracks, to proceed thither without delay. The marines, ninety-three in number, with two twelve pound howitzers and a full supply of ammunition, with orders to carry the bridge to-night at all hazarde. Col. Faulkner accompanies them.

WASHINGTON, October 17.—In view of the possibility of the disturbances at Harper's Ferry extending to this vicinity, the Mayors of Washington and Alexandria have taken precautionary measures for suppression. The President, through the Mayor of Washington, has ordered strong detachments of volunteers and militia to guard the National and Company armories to-night—200 stand of arms and amunition have also been deposited in the City Hall for any emergency. It is suggested by well informed persons here that a contractor for the construction of a Government dam has recently absconded, largely indebted to several hundred employees, who are endeavoring to indemnify themselves by a seizure of the Government funds. A gentleman just arrived from Harper's Ferry thinks that the negroes participate in the outbreak only on compulsion.

MONOCACY BRIDGE, 9. P. M.—Luther Simpson, Baggage Master of the express mail train, gives the following: I walked up to the bridge, but was stopped. Was afterwards permitted to go up and see the Captain of the insurgents. I was taken to the armory, and saw the Captain, who was named Bill Smith; was kept prisoner more than an hour. Saw from 500 to 600 negroes, all having fire-arms. They were two or three hundred white men with the negroes. Al the houses were closed.

I went to the tavern kept by Chambers.—About thirty inhabitants had left, but they declined to go. It is reported that five or six persons have been shot. Simpson says he was escorted back over the bridge by six negroes.—The train from Frederick is lying at the Point of Rocks; and a train with the Directors of the Pennsylvania Road on board, is on the other side of Harper's Ferry. It was believed that the insurrectionists intend to leave as soon as it is dark.

The mail train for the West got as far as Sandy Hood,, and the baggage master and another party started on foot for the bridge, which they crossed and were taken and imprisoned.—They went before the Captain of the insurgents, who refused to let anything pass.

All of the eastwad bound trains are lying West of Harper's Ferry. The insurgents have been taking persons from this side of the river, tieing them and carrying them away for slaves.

The mail train bound West has returned to Monocacy. There are now from five hundred to seven hundred, whites and blacks engaged.—Another account from Frederick says that a letter has been received from a merchant at Harper's Ferry, sent by some boys who had to cross the mountain and swim the river. The writer says that all the principal citizens have been imprisoned and many of them killed.

The agent at the depot was shot twice, and the watchman at the same was shot dead.

AUGUSTA, October 18.—A special despatch to the Baltimore Sun, states that the Baltimore troops and the marine corps, under the command of Col. Lee, of the army, arrived near the Ferry, at 1 o'clock last night, learned that the Virginia regiment and Frederick and Maryland troops had entered the town opposite. Much firing had been heard. It was reported that nine persons had been killed. The insurgents still held the arsenal, and were willing to surrender, but demanded safe conduct out of the difficulty, otherwise they threatened to sacrifice the lives of the two principal citizens of the place, who were held as prisoners.

Among the insurgents were Kegg, Seaman and Brown, of Ohio, and Todd, of Main, Aaron Stephens, of Connecticut, now dying, makes the following statement: The plan has been concocted more than a year; the parties rendezvoused at a few miles distant, hired for the purpose.—Capt. Brown, of Kansas notoriety, under the assumed name of Bill Smith, was one of the leaders.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 18.—Yesterday, at noon, the whole community were astounded at the report that a band of Abolitionists and negroes had taken the entire possession of the town of Harper's Ferry, Virginia, including the armory, arsenal, pay office and all other Government property. The telegraph wires were cut, and trains with the mails stopped, imprisoning and pressing into their service all the citizens and negroes found in the work shops and streets, and killing many.

Later in the day, the reports were fully confirmed by dispatches to the Government. Gov. Wise ordered out a regiment from Jefferson County, and two Richmond Companies. The Governor of Maryland had pushed forward two companies from Frederick, and several companies from Baltimore. The United States Government sent one hundred marines, with two twelve pound guns, and had ordered three companies of flying artillery from Old Point, Virginia.

The insurgents are said to number seven hundred and fifty men, and are fully armed; had fortified the bridge over the Potomac, and every approach on the land side.

About midnight, after a severe battle, the railroad employees, the Jefferson Regiment, and first division of Frederick troops entered the town, when the insurgents retreated to the Armory, which was barricaded and fortified.—Shortly after other trains arrived with companies from Baltimore and the maries. An immediate surrender was demanded, but the insurgents refused. The marines forced the door, when there was rapid firing within and without, and three marines were shot. The armory was then carried at the point of the bayonet, and all the living insurgents were captured. The citizens and soldiers were much exasperated, and endeavored to shoot the rioters, but were prevented from doing so by the marines.

It now appears that the plan was concocted and executed under the lead of Ossawatomie Brown, of Kansas infamy, accompanied by a set of fanatical Abolitionists from Ohio, Connecticut and Maine. About one year ago, Brown, under the name of Smith, hired a farm in the vicinity, where the gang rendezvoused.

Their object apparently was to procure arms and money from the armory, and induce a general stampede of the slaves in that section of country.

Several citizens were yesterday murdered in cold blood. Three marines were shot, three or four of the Frederick soldiers and a railroad conductor were killed, and two conductors severely wounded. Several railroad men were severely wounded.

The armory insurgents killed Anderson, of Connecticut, a leader, and a son of Brown.—Brown himself was mortally wounded, besides several others killed and wounded not named.—Had they not been prevented by the marines, the citizens would have made short work of the living.

The latest advices report that Brown is not dead, but may live to be hung.

All is quiet, and the Rangers, under the orders of the President, are now in pursuit of fugitives.

The United States District Attorney has gone up to take charge of the legal proceedings against the prisoners. The arrangements made by Gov. Wise to prevent the spread of disaffection were complete and admirably executed. The Gov. arrived at the spot too late to participate in the attack. Seven infantry and two rifle and artillery companies, all with full ranks, besides several local companies, were under orders, and en route for Harper's Ferry, in less than four hours after the news was received by him.

HARPER'S FERRY, Oct. 19, 9 40 P. M.—All the prisoners have been committed to the Charlestown jail, to await the action of the Grand Jury. They will be indicated and tried in a few days. The arrangements about jurisdiction have been settled in this way:—the local authorities are to try the prisoners for murder, and meanwhile the U. S. authorities will proceed against them on the charge of treason. Gov. Wise stated to U. S. District Attorney Ould that he had no objection to the General Government proceeding against that portion of prisoners left after the authorities of Virginia were done with them.

Railroad Barbecue.

A meeting was held in Spartanburg, Court House, on Tuesday evening last, to take preliminary steps for giving a Barbecue on the completion of the Spartanburg and Union Railroad to that place.

On motion, Maj. G. W. H. Legg was called to preside, and A. T. Cavis requested to act as Secretary.

The objects of the meeting were stated from the Chair; when

Mr. T. J. Elford moved that a committee of Twelve be appointed by the Chair to receive subscriptions of money and provisions for a barbecue; which was adopted, and the following Committee announced, viz:

Hon. J. B. Cleveland, A. Tolleson, J. M. Elford, Esq., Maj. A. H. Kirby, J. B. Archer, H. Mitchell, Maj., J. A. Lee, J. H. Goss, Dr. L. Twitty, Jos. Foster, Maj. W. H. Trimmer, J. W. Kerr.

J. M. Elford, esq., moved that a committee of Arrangements, consisting of Ten, be appointed; which was adopted. The following gentlemen form the Committee:

Maj. W. H. Trimmier, Maj. J. H. Evins, Hon. J. Earle Bomar, Maj. T. O. P. Vernon, J. B. Tolleson, esq., T. Stobo Farrow, esq., T. J. Elford, D. C. Judd, A. Wingo, J. E. Goodgion.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That a Committee of Twelve, to act as a Committee of Invitation, be appointed by the Chair. Adopted—the Chair added on special motion.

The following gentlemen constitute said committee; S. Bobo, esq., Maj. G. W. H. Legg, Maj. Govan Mills, Col. S. N. Evins, Gen. J. W. Miller, A. T. Cavis, esq., Rev. J. G. Kandrum, Gen. B. B. Foster, Gen. O. E. Edwards, A. S. Douglass, esq., Col. Jas Farrow, Maj. J. D. Wright.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the papers of Spartanburg, Unionville, Rutherfordton, Asheville and Henderson he requested to copy these proceedings.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

G. W. H. LEGG, Chairman.

A. T. CAVIS, Secretary.

The revival still progresses in Ireland. Belfast, Calerain and Londonderry form the centre of the movement, and the small towns and villages for miles around are under its power.

Mr. Werk's vineyard, near Cincinnati, will, it is said, yield $60,000 worth of wine a year.

BREVITIES.

—The North Carolina Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will be held in Beaufort, commencing on the 13th of December, Bishop Early presiding. The Presbyterian Syond of North-Carolina will meet at Wilmington on the 2d of next month.

—Dr. M. Cowan, formerly of Wilmington, N. C., died in California on the 13th of August.

—The Warrenton News wants the Opposition to nominate Joseph B. Cherry for Governor; for, says the News, the Democrats never make two bites at a cherry.

—At Newburyport recently, they fired nine guns in honor of a nine pound baby, born unto a couple who had long been childless.

—The railroad bridge across the river at Marietta, Ohio, has been finished. It is 558 feet long.

—Houge, who was convicted of the murder of Parish in Raleigh some time since, has been sentenced to be hung on the 28th instant. A petition to the Governor, in behalf of Houge, is being gotten up in Raleigh.

—Elizabeth City, North Carolina, has a population of five thousand souls and yet has but one night policeman.

—Mr. Whiteford, President of the Atlantic and N. C. R. R. informs the Newbern Progress that the earnings of the road has exceeded its running expenses by $5,000 per month, for some months past. A new freight tariff went into operation on the 1st.

—The Charleston Mercury says that the object of John Mitchell in going to France is to get Napoleon III to "relax his opposition to the slave-trade under the French flag, if not to legalize it.

—The Nashville Patriot rejoices that out of the one hundred and ninety-four lecturers, whose names was recently published in the Tribune, only three were from slave-holding states.

—The highest mountain in the world is Mount Everest, in the Himalayas. Its height is 26,000 feet, or five and a half miles above the sea.

—In Siam the penalty of lying is to have the mouth sewed up. Suppose such a law were in force in this country, what a number of mutes we would have.

—An extensive revival of religion is progressing among the young ladies of Wayne Female College, at Goldsboro', N. C.

—At last Halifax County Court a negro girl just grown, was sold at auction for upwards of $1,500; another girl somewhat younger was sold for upwards of $1,400, and a boy for $1,400.

—Mrs. Callahan, an Irish woman in Chelsea Mass., does the work for her family, is stout, straight as an arrow, and aged 104 years.

The apple crop of New York the present season is unusually large. One of our exchanges states that there are now one hundred thousand barrels of apples awaiting shipment at the stations on the Rochester and Niagara division of the railroad.

—Mr. S. E. Cohen, who is preparing a city directory for Philadelphia, feels himself warranted in saying that the population of the consolidated City of Philadelphia is now 680,000—a large increase since the last census.

—The Machias (Me.) Union 4th instant says that W. H. Foster of Centreville raised 25 bushels of good barely from one bushel sowed; also 40 bushels potatoes and two bushels peas on a piece of ground 80 by 55 feet.

—The increase of the shipment of gold from California the present season over the corresponding period of last year is $1,230,840.

—Seven persons have been sent to State Prison from Warren County New Jersey, during the late term of Court.

—In Weaverville, Cal., a tax collector called upon a Chinaman for his taxes. Not having the "spleter" about him, the Celestical was shot dead by the collector, who said he "couldn't be bothered running after them 'Johns' so all the time."

—They have got another excitement in Vermont. At Montpelier and Springfield the pearl fever is raging to a dangerous extent, and some very large pearls have been found.

—Chickens of a new bread called "Eclipton deau" are being introduced into this country from abroad. Instead of feathers they are covered with fine hair like that of lap dogs, very white, soft and beautiful, and have curious red ornaments on their heads.

—There are upwards of four hundred slaves leaving Missouri every week, nearly all of whom go South. This movement in the slave market is occasioned partly by the high prices obtained and partly by causes having no reference to prices. The money market has already received sensible relief from this source.

—Twenty-five years ago the number of colored men in Canada West was 3,400; now there are more than 40,000. In four months after the passage of the Fugitive Slave law, 10,000 poured into the country.

—Wood ashes and common salt, wet with water, applied to cracks in a stove, will cause them to adhere, and prevent the smoke from escaping.

—The more men love the law of God, the more they will see the guilt of violating it.

—Sanctified afflictions are like so many artificers working on a pious man's crown, to make it more bright and massive.

—Daniel E. Sickles and wife, it is reported, have gone to Key West.

—The revival still progresses in Ireland. Belfast, Colerain and Londonderry form the centre of the movement, and the small towns and villages for miles around are under its power.

—The Tennessee State Agriculturral Fair commenced at Nashville on the 12th instant.—The first day's attendance was estimated at 20,000 persons.

$25 REWARD.

STOP THE MURDERER!

On Thursday, 20th instant, Davidson Vick, aged about 30 years, deliberately shot John Tipton Ford in Haywood County, N. C., through the body, killing him instantly. The said Vick is fair skined, wears red whiskers, is quick spoken, and weighs about 130 or 140 pounds. He formerly lived in Buncombe County.

We will give a reward of Twenty-Five Dollars for his confinement in any Jail, so that he can be brought to trial.

BURTON FORD.
JOSEPH FORD.

Haywood County, N. C. Oct. 27, 1859, tf.

Asheville Circuit.

List of Appointments for the next Preacher.

Sunday,	November 13,	Salem.
"	"	14, 4 o'clock, Alex. Cha.
Tuesday,	"	15, Beaver Dam.
Wednesday,	"	16, Bethesda.
Thursday,	"	17, West's M. H.
Friday,	"	18, New Salem.
Sunday,	"	20, Sharon.
Wednesday,	"	23, Davidson's Chapel.
Saturday,	"	26, Stepp's S. H.
Sunday,	"	27, Tabernacle.
Tuesday,	"	29, Jones' S. H.
Wednesday,	"	30, Reems' Creek.
Friday,	December	2, Flat Creek.
Sunday,	"	4, Big Ivy.
Tuesday,	"	6, Middle Fork.
Wednesday,	"	7, Deaver's S. H.
Thursday,	"	8, Ebenezer.
Friday,	"	9, Mt. Zion.

L. C. DELASHMIT.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber is now receiving and opening a large and handsome stock of

GOODS,

well selected in the cities of New York and Baltimore, expressly for this market, which he will

SELL AS LOW

as the lowest, comparing the styles of goods. His stock consists in part of

Sugar,
Coffee,
Molasses,
Salt,
Spice,
Pepper, &c.

All of the best quality, and a heavy supply.

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes—all sorts and sizes. Ladies, gentlemen's and children's.

Ladies Fine Dress Goods,
Shawls,
Bonnets,

Kid Gloves, cheaper than were ever sold in this market.

A good lot of Dress Trimmings.
Thread of all kinds.
Brown and Bleached Shirting.
Gentlemen's Dress Goods—a rich and heavy supply.

Ready Made Clothing,

A rich and heavy assortment, and fine goods to make more.

Spades,
Shovels,
Axes,
Leather,
Powder,
Shot,
Lead,
Indigo,
Madder,

and a thousand other articles, too numerous to mention. Call and see, and you will be convinced that the half has not been told.

Nothing charged for showing goods. Always ready and glad to see you. Come on.

B. H. MERRIMON.

Asheville, October 27, 1859. tf

The AshevIlle Baptist Church

HOUSE.

THE benevolent friends and citizens of Asheville, who kindly promised aid in this building, will be pleased to know the walls are now up, and with this notice we beg all the assistance that can be forwarded. Several gentlemen have paid all they promised. We thank them heartily, and have no fear of any citizen of Asheville. It never has, it never can be backward in a cause of benevolence.

Four sacred domes will soon be seen in Buncombe's happy town! Four Sabbath bells will soon be heard on the solemn breeze of Sabbath morn! Where is there a town of more liberal feeling?

All sums paid to Mr. Clayton or Mr. Shackleford, the builders, duly receipted by them, will be accredited.

THOS. STRADLEY, SR., Agent.

October 27. '59. tf

TO RENT.

THAT large and commodious Public House in the town of Asheville, known as

"GUDGER'S HOTEL."

On the 1st day of January, 1860, the above named property, with all the out-houses connected therewith, will be offered for rent. The advantages which this hotel has in point of location, and the liberal patronage it has hitherto commanded, should be a sufficient recommendation to those who may be desirous of entering upon the business of Hotel keeping. A rare opportunity is now offered for a profitable business.

The Hotel will be kept open by Mrs. Gudger, widow of the late proprietor, till the close of the present year, who, with good assistants, will use every exertion to accommodate those who may stop at her house.

Any person wishing to rent the above named property, will please call on Messrs.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

October 27, '59. tf

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscriber having taken out Letters of Administration, according to law, on the Estate of J. H. Gudger, deceased, hereby gives general notice to all creditors of said Estate to present their claims, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

Debtors to said Estate will please to make payment immediately.

W. L. TATE,
Administrator.

October 27, '59. tf

I WILL give my customers 50 cents a bushel in discount for all the CORN delivered to me before the 1st of December next.

JAMES A. PATTON.

October 27, 1859. tf

French Broad Lodge, No. 2.

K. OF J.

HOLDS its regular meetings every Saturday evening at its Lodge room on the Public Square.

T. W. ATKIN, *W. C.*

L. H. SMITH, *R.*

Asheville, October 27, 1859.

LAW COPARTNERSHIP.

B. S. GAITHER & J. D. HYMAN,

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of the Law in the Superior Courts of Buncombe, Henderson and Haywood counties.

☞ Mr. Hyman will also practice in the County Courts of the above counties.

B. S. GAITHER, Morganton, N. C. | J. D. HYMAN, Asheville, N. C.

October 20, 1859. 1y

Notice.

ALL manner of persons are hereby forwarned against trading for a certain Draft, drawn by M. J. Fagg in favor of J. A. Buckner, and accepted by the undersigned, on the 19th day of August last, payable at ninety days, for the sum of eleven hundred and fifty dollars.

Having reason to believe that the consideration for which this Draft was given will prove valueless, I intend to resist the payment to the utmost.

JAS. W. PATTON.

Asheville, October 20, 1859. tf

1859 FALL GOODS 1859

WE are now receiving our Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, embracing every variety of Goods suited to this market.

Our goods have been selected with great care and we hesitate not in saying, will compare favorably with any Stock ever shown in this place. We invite the attention of our friends from this and the adjoining counties to examine for themselves; they are for sale and will be sold for cash or to prompt customers on reasonable terms.—We take in exchange for goods all the articles of barter taken by any other concern here. Examine our stock before purchasing, it may be of use to you.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.

A LARGE variety and of beautiful styles, expected this week and on hand at

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

25 Lbs. Fresh Hops,
500 lbs Blue Stone.
500 lbs. Sal Soda,
200 " Flower Sulphur,
100 " Ground Mustard, Just received and for sale at

ASTON'S.

20 Gals. Copal Varnish,
10 gals. Coach Varnish,
20 gals. Sweet Oil,
20 " Damar Varnish,
80 " Spts. Turpentine, For sale at

ASTON'S.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold by virtue of an Order of the Court of Ordinary of Habersham county, Georgia, at Cleveland, (formerly Mt. Yonah,) in White county, on the first Tuesday in November next, the following property, viz:

Nine valuable and young negro men, and five negro women, (three young and likely.)

Also the following lands:

One half of Lots No. 52 and 53, in the 3d District, known as the Burnett lands.

200 acres of Lot No. 20, 3d District, known as the Roach lands.

300 acres, part of Lots No. 19 and 14, 3d District, known as the Rush lands.

Lot No. 46, 3d District, and 15 acres of No. 19, 3d District.

West half of Lots No. 18 and 15, known as the Gabriel Hughes place, 250 acres.

Lots No. 28, 6th District, and 12 and 11, 3d District, 615 acres, known as the Monroe place.

Part of Lot No. 13, 62 acres.

Part of Lot No. 21, 3d, supposed 200 acres.

Part of Lot No. 22, 3d District, 130 acres, mineral lands, known as Burnett mine.

Lot No. 11, 3d District, 250 acres.

Part of Lots No. 21 and 22, containing 210 acres, known as the Graham lands.

Part of Lot No. 11, 3d District, containing 50 acres, known as the Magaha place.

All the above lands lie on Sauty and Chiccamogga Creeks, adjoining to Nacoochee Valley.—There are several valuable and desirable plantations in the body. There is a large body of

MINERAL LANDS.

The far-famed Horshaw Gold Mines are in this body of land, and are not worked out. The lands have been re-surveyed and platted, and the mineral lands will be sold in small lots, of from 25 to 100 acres. The farming lands will also be sold in bodies and not in lots. A plat of all the lands and the different bodies in which they will be sold, can be seen by calling on E. P. Williams, one of the Administrators, at Nacoochee, and will be exhibited on the day of sale.

All the above property sold as the property of Moses Horshaw, late of said county, deceased, for the benefit of heirs and creditors. Terms made known on the day of sale.

E. P. WILLIAMS, } *Administrat'rs*
A. L. HORSHAW, }

Sept. 22, 1859. t1N

NOTICE.

BOOKS of Subscription will be opened at the following places, under the direction of the following persons, and remain open for the space of sixty days from the date hereof, for the purpose of raising the one third of the estimated cost of constructing the Second Division of the Western North Carolina Rail Road, extending West from the Town of Morganton, in the county of Burke, viz:

AT ASHEVILLE, under the direction of James W. Patton, John Burgin, Marcus Erwin, Robert B. Vance, and John W. Woodfin, or any three of them.

AT MARION, under the direction of Alfred M. Finley, S. J. Neal, Alney Burgin, jr., Alfred M. Erwin, and Alberto Higgins, or any three of them.

AT MORGANTON, under the direction of Edward Jones Erwin, Dr. Samuel Tate, William M. Walton, Jacob Seagle, and W. C. Erwin, or any three of them.

AT NEWTON, under the direction of J. Bost, George Setser, John Wilfong, David B. Gaither, and M. L. McCorkle, or any three of them.

AT STATESVILLE, under the direction of Jos. W. Stockton, Otho Gillespie, C. A. Carlton, A. K. Simonton, and M. Freeland, or any three of them.

AT SALISBURY, under the direction of D. A. Davis, John I. Shaver, James Kerr, N. N. Fleming, and J. J. Bruner, or any three of them.

Commissioners will please return Books of Subscription at the expiration of the sixty days, addressed to me at Statesville.

By order of the Directors.

R. F. SIMONTON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Office W. N. C. R. R. Co., }
Statesville, Aug. 10, 1859. } 8w

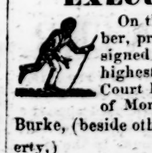
WINSLOW SMITH,
OF ASHEVILLE, N. C.,
WITH
WESSON & COX,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS & SHOES,

FOR THE SOUTHERN TRADE,
16 Courtland Street,
NEW YORK.

October 20, 1859. tf

EXECUTORS' SALE.



On the 22d of November, proximo, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House in the town of Morganton, county of Burke, (beside other personal property,)

28 NEGROES,

Consisting of men, women, boys and girls, many of them being as likely and desirable in every respect as can be found in the State.

Terms of sale made known at the time.

C. M. AVERY,
T. GEO. WALTON,
Executors of Thos. Walton, Dec'd.

October 20, 1859. tds

Notice.

ALL persons are forwarned from trading with my wife, Elizabeth G. Anderson, as I will pay no debt she may contract.

JESSE R. ANDERSON, Sr.

Haywood county, Oct. 20, 1859. 3t

Reems' Creek Masonic & Sons of Temperance HIGH SCHOOL.

FOR MALES AND FEMALES.

THE next session will commence on Monday October 3d. The location is in a community which for morality, intelligence, and healthfulness has no superior. The undersigned having considerable experience in teaching, flatters himself that he can render entire satisfaction to any who may entrust their sons and daughters to his training and instructions, and as it is his object to make the school a permanent one, no pains will be spared to advance the pupil as rapidly as possible, and at the same time grounding him thoroughly in his several studies. The expenses are less than at any other Institution of the character in the State.

The government of the school will be kind and gentle, but firm.

Students admitted at any time and charged to the close of the session; unless in case of protracted sickness.

Boarding $1 25 to $1 50 per week.

Tuition as formerly, and exceedingly low.

Contingent fee of 25 cents, invariably in advance.

Any information in regard to the school may be had by application to Rev. J. S. Weaver, W. R. Baird, or the undersigned.

J. H. CALFEE, Principal.

Sept. 4, 1859—3m.

EAGLE HOTEL.

I DESIRE to call public attention to the EAGLE HOTEL. I have it ready for the reception of those who are seeking either health or pleasure, and will spare neither money or trouble to make it a *First Class Hotel*. I have secured the services of an able and experienced Steward from Charleston, to take charge of the dining room, and hope to be able to please even the most fastidious.

Permit me to call attention to the arrivals and departures of the Stages that have their offices at the Eagle:

Greenville, S. C.—Stage arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings; departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings.

Morganton.—Stage leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings; arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights.

Warm Springs and Greeneville, Tenn.—Stage arrives and departs every day but Sunday.

J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor.

July 7, 1859. tf

NEW Ambrotype Gallery.

THE subscriber having bought out Mr. Lewis' entire stock and apparatus, with a large addition of Cases, &c., offers his services to the public generally on most reasonable terms. Pictures from one dollar upwards, of all styles. His long experience induces him to believe that all who patronise him will be more than pleased.

Call and give him a trial. Rooms at the old stand. E. W. HERNDON.

Asheville, April 7, 1859. tf

NORTH CAROLINA

Mutual Insurance Company,

AT the Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 14th inst., the following persons were elected Directors and Officers for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS.

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. W. D. Hutchings, do.
Kemp P. Battle, do.
George Little, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington.
Alexander Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Edenton.
W. M. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
J. W. Harrell, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Williams, Charlotte.
George A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro.
Joseph White, Anson county.
Josh. Boner, Salem.
A. T. Summey, Asheville.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

T. H. Selby, President.
H. D. Turner, Vice President.
John H. Bryan, Attorney.
Hamden S. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer.
T. H. Selby, *ex officio*, } Executive Committee.
John R. Williams, }
C. W. D. Hutchings, }

This Company has been in successful operation over 10 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,737,649, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

HAMDEN S. SMITH, *Sec'y.*

A. T. SUMMEY, Agent, Asheville.
Raleigh, March 12, 1859.

Executor's Sale. NOTICE.

PURSUANT to an order made at September Term of the County Court for Haywood, I will proceed to sell at the residence of the late Elijah Deaver, deceased, on Saturday 12th day of November next to the highest bidder, two negroes, an old man Ben and a young and likely girl Letty. Also, some corn and other articles too tedious to mention.

A credit of twelve months will be given by the purchaser giving bond and approved security.

N. EDMONSTON, *Executor.*

Oct. 6, 1859—4t.

WM. H. BAILEY,

Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Equity.

WILL practice in the several Courts of Buncombe and McDowell.

Address—Swannanoa P. O.

September 29, 1859. 6m

FALL & WINTER.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO., are now receiving a large and well assorted stock of Fall and Winter Goods. Having been purchased upon the most favorable terms, they are prepared to sell on as favorable terms as any House in the Western part of the State. We would call particular attention to our large and well assorted stock of Ready Made Clothing.

Oct. 4, 1859.

BACON HAMS.

A SMALL lot nice Bacon for sale by GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

Sept. 8. 1859.

NOTICE.

ON the 28th ult., I lost a large leather Pocket Book, containing some receipts signed by F. M. Wilson, and one receipt for Mrs. Jane Wolfe's Taxes, signed the date above mentioned. Also a two dollar bill. Any one finding said property will confer a great favor by letting me know. S. J. WOLFE.

Oct. 10, 1859.

10,000 Negroes
10,000 Negroes
10,000 Negroes
Saved Yearly
Saved Yearly
Saved Yearly
Planters Take Notice
Planters Take Notice
Planters Take Notice
Jacob's Cordial
Jacob's Cordial
Jacob's Cordial
Is The Only Sure
Is The Only Sure
Is The Only Sure
And Positive Remedy
And Positive Remedy
And Positive Remedy
Before The People
Before The People
Before The People
In Dysentery,
In Dysentery,
In Dysentery,
Diarrhœa,
Diarrhœa,
Diarrhœa,
And Flux.
And Flux.
And Flux.
It Never Fails.
It Never Fails.
It Never Fails.
Packages of Half Doz.
Packages of Half Doz.
Packages of Half Doz.
Put Up Expressly
Put Up Expressly
Put Up Expressly
For Plantations.
For Plantations.
For Plantations.

For sale in Asheville, by E. J. ASTON.

THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY
THAT GREAT REMEDY

SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC
SANCHEZ' SPECIFIC

THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE
THE ONLY POSITIVE CURE

BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE
BEFORE THE PEOPLE

FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.
FOR GONORRHŒA & GLEET.

SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL
SAVES A BIG DOCTOR'S BILL

IS EASILY TAKEN
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HAS NO BAD TASTE
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HAS NO BAD TASTE

WILL EFFECT A CURE
WILL EFFECT A CURE
WILL EFFECT A CURE
WILL EFFECT A CURE
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WILL EFFECT A CURE

WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
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WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME
WITHOUT LOSS OF TIME

OR CHANGE OF DIET
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OR CHANGE OF DIET

WITH LESS TROUPLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE
WITH LESS TROUBLE

MORE SPEEDILY
MORE SPEEDILY
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AND PERMANENTLY
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THAN ANY KNOWN REMEDY

TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE
TEST ONE PACKAGE

Every Druggist and Country Merchant should keep a supply of this valuable Remedy, not only from the profits that accrue from its sales, but as an act of philanthropy towards suffering humanity. It will be made to the especial and pecuniary interest of all Druggists to purchase by

W. W. BLISS & CO., PROPRIETORS

For sale in Asheville by E. J. ASTON.
July 7, 1859.

TO RENT.

THE subscriber offers for rent his STORE HOUSE, opposite Gudger's Hotel. It is too well known to render a description necessary.

J. S. SMITH.

A Purifier of the Blood, and certain cure for Scrofula or King's Evil, Lumbar Abscess Hip Disease, White Swelling, all Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Kidneys and Spine, Chronic Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance, Asthma, Jaundice, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Debility following Intermittent or Malarious Fevers, and all diseases arising from the excessive use of Mercury.

The Vegetable Alterative is offered to the public as a radical cure for the above named diseases, arising wholly or in part from impurity or vitiation of the blood—the basis of its success rests upon the well-known alterative properties of Spanish Sarsaparilla, which is imported expressly for the compounder of this medicine in all its purity; it is then, with the addition of other medicinal plants—alteratives and tonic in their action—manufactured with great care, and concentrated in a palatable form, making by the combination one of the best Alterative Medicines ever used. It is mild, yet active, in its operation; it renovates, while it removes the cause of disease, and may be used by all with confidence and safety.

It is an Alterative Tonic and is peculiarly adapted to malarious sections of the country—it eradicates thoroughly all traces of chronic debility which so often follows an attack of severe or protracted cases of intermittent fever. In the South and West it has been thoroughly tried, and has never failed to restore the invalid to health, sometimes after all other remedies have failed.

In diseases arising from an excessive use of mercury or other mineral medicines, it is unsurpassed in the thorough and prompt manner in which it eradicates all diseased matter from the blood and glandular system.

In all cutaneous diseases it acts like a charm, and in such diseases as Scald Head, Salt Rheum, and Skin Diseases of every kind, it is without an equal in its curative effects.

In the combination there are remidies that act directly on the Liver and Kidneys, and therefore it proposes to relieve these organs when in a torpid or inactive state. In relieving these and other organs, and being a purifier of the blood, it claims to be a cure for that loathsome disease, Scrofula.

The Alterative is put up in pint bottles. Accompanying each bottle is a pamphlet setting forth the nature and character of the several diseases for which it proposes to be a cure.

All agents and others who have the Alterative for sale are supplied with these pamphlets for distribution. Ask for one and read it.

This medicine has been extensively used by many physicians of eminence throughout the South and we have letters from many of them, speaking in the highest terms of its action as an Alterative Tonic Remedy. We are at liberty to refer to Dr. King of Louisburg, N. C.; Dr. Claiborne of Petersburg, Virginia; Drs. Wilson and Sanders, Marianna, Florida: Drs. Blunt, Hart, and Butler, Greenwood, Fla.; Dr. C. A. Hentz, Quincy, Fla.; Dr. E. M. Fant, Bankston, Miss., and many others.

For sale by E. J. ASTON.
June 16, 1859. 6m.

DR. H. G. LUNGREN,

HAVING permanently located in Franklin, Macon county, N. C., offers his services to the inhabitants of said county and those adjoining. Dr. L. has been heretofore employed as Chief Resident Physician to the Northern Clinical Infirmary of Philadelphia, where he has met with and successfully treated diseases of both chronic and acute nature.

Dr. L. will be found at his office in Col. Moore's building, at all times, unless professionally engaged.

Dr. L. will visit the town of Webster on the las three days of each month, for the purpose of prescribing for Chronic diseases. Those afflicte will please take notice. He offers this car through numerous solicitations from differen persons. The Dr. can be found at Mr. Allison' Hotel.

Franklin, April 15th, 1858.

Flats! Flats! Flats!

FOR children, misses and ladies; trimmed and untrimmed. A large lot, and pretty of course, at SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO'S.

Leather, Leather.

UPPER, sole and harness, always to be found and of the best quality at GAINES, DEAVER & CO'S.

April 7, 1859.

DO you want a coat, pants, vest, shirt, boots, shoes, or hat? If so, you can be supplied with a fashionable article, at prices to suit the times, by applying to GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Smith & Chapman are hereby notified that they have placed their notes and accounts in the hands of W. L. TATE for collection, with whom all settlements are to be made.

SMITH & CHAPMAN.

March 24, 1859.

COMING IN.

OUR Spring and Summer Stock is now being received, having recently been purchased in the Northern markets by

DR. D. F. SUMMEY,

long and favorably known in the market as a man of taste and judgment in such matters. We pledge ourselves to our best efforts to please, as our motto is, "live and let live."

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

March 31, 1859.

Iron, Nails and Castings.

A First rate lot of Iron, Nails and Castings; just received. Over 2000 lbs. of Oven Lids, of all sizes and descriptions.

J. A. PATTON.

Nov. 25, 1858.

HATS!

A large assortment of *HATS*, from the fine beaver to the common wool, just received.

Aug. 25. J. A. PATTON.

NOTICE THIS.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. M. Blair & Co., by note or account, are hereby notified that if the same are not satisfactorily arranged by October Court, they will be placed in the hands of an attorney.

W. A. PATTON.

Asheville, Sept. 1, 1859.

Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy
Bliss' Dyspeptic Remedy

Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale
Has the Largest Sale

Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of any Medicine in the World.

100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages
100,000 Packages

Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina
Sold In Georgia and South Carolina

In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.
In Fourteen Months.

It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure
It is Warranted to Cure

If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,
If Directions are Followed,

Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia
Any Case of Dyspepsia

Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,
Liver Disease,

Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,

General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,
General Debility,

Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,
Palpitation,

Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,
Chronic Diarrhœa,

Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,
Giddiness,

Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,
Depressed Spirits,

Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,
Loss of Appetite,

Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,
Pain in Side and Back,

It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to

Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;
Female Complaints;

It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Rotundity of Form

In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit.

Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should
Every Invalid Should

Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.
Try One Package.

Send a Postage Stamp to the Proprietors for their Pamphlet on "Diseases of Stomach and Bowels."

W. W. BLISS & Co., Proprietors.

For sale in Asheville by E. J. ASTON.
July 7, 1859.

BLANKS

Of every description always on hand and for sale at this Office.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c.

In view of the fact that every member of the human family is more or less subjected to some of the above complaints, besides innumerable other conditions in life, which, by the assistance of a little knowledge or exercise of common sense, they may be able so to regulate their habits of diet, and with the assistance of a good tonic, secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is, certainly, that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life; for this end Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation called HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which at this day is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease. Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent when taken in all its various forms, than any other; the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind, then why not use an article known to be infallible? Every country have their Bitters as a preventive of disease, and strengthening of the system in general, and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which has attended to advance the destiny of this great preparation in the medical scale of science.

FEVER AND AGUE.

This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short space of time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be defeated and driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, any of the above stated diseases can not be contracted when exposed to any ordinary conditions producing them, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and rendering unnecessary any change of diet or interruption to usual pursuits, but promotes sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is thus removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

For Persons in advanced years

Who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and needs only to be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing, these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and before so doing, ask your physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtues of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ **Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all Druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America and Germany.**

SCOVIL & MEAD,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.,
Wholesale Agents.

For sale by E. J. ASTON.
June 16, 1859. 1y

Cranberry Iron.

A Large lot of wagon tire, plow molds and bull-tongue Iron, manufactured at the celebrated

CRANBERRY WORKS,

just received and for sale by SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

Feb. 21, 1859.

Bonnets, Flats and Bloomers!

THE latest style and fashion, trimmed and untrimmed, just received, very cheap.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO

April 7, 1859.

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Property on which he now resides, in the south end of Asheville.

The Lot contains 2½ acres, and has upon it a new Dwelling House 48×28 feet, two stories, a blacksmith shop, and all necessary out-buildings. It lies on the main street, and as a public house or business stand is very valuable. There is on the place a spring of excellent water.

For further information apply to the subscriber on the premises.

E. L. TRIPLETT.

June 23, 1859. tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are hereby notified to call immediately and settle, and thereby save cost.

M. L. DOYLE.

ALL THE *PUREST AND BEST* PATENT MEDICINES, *MAY BE FOUND AT ALL TIMES AT* ASTON'S.

Buggy For Sale.

A GOOD second hand Buggy, with tongue and shafts, and a set of new single Harness, on 6 months time for good paper. Enquire at this Office. [Aug. 4—tf.

10,000 LBS. of Iron and Nails, just received. Every No. of Nails, & all kinds of Iron. J. A. PATTON.

June 30, 1859.

Shingles.

I want twelve or fifteen thousand Shingles—White or Yellow Pine.

Nov. 18, 1858. JAMES A. PATTON.

GENT'S SHOES.

DECIDEDLY the handsomest lot of Gent's Dress Shoes ever exhibited in Asheville.—Call at the largest establishment in town. Dispute it if you can.

—ALSO—

At the same place will be found a new lot of fine Sugar, hard to beat.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.

Hooped and Spring Skirts.

NEW lot—latest styles—just received—at reduced prices. GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

April 7, 1859.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

PREPARED by Dr. Sanford, compounded entirely from Gums, is one of the best PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach causing food to digest well, *purifying the blood*, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents *nightmare*.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures *costiveness*.

One dose taken after each meal will cure *Dyspepsia*.

One dose of two tea spoonfuls will always relieve *Sick Headache*.

Only one dose immediately relieves *Colic*, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for *cholera morbus*, and a preventive of *cholera*.

Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long spell of sickness.

One bottle taken for *Jaundice*, removes all allowness or unnatural color from the face.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes the food digest well.

One dose, often repeated cures *Chronic Diarrhœa* in its worst form, while *Summer and Bowel Complaints* yield almost to the first dose.

A few bottles will cure *Dropsy* by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventative for *Fever and Ague, chill Fever*, and all Fevers of a *Billious type*. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

LIVER INVIGORATOR.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD Proprietor, No. 345 Broadway, New York. Retailed by all Druggists.—Sold also by E. J. ASTON, Asheville.

April 28, 1859. 1y

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *Charitable Act* worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms, and to give *Medical Advice Gratis* to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, habits, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to *Furnish Medicines Free of Charge*. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeon in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important and much despised cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, and other diseases of the sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope) *Free of Charge*, on receipt of *TWO STAMPS* for postage.—Other Reports and Tracts on the nature and treatment of sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year, are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD *Secretary.*

BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber is still carrying on the

Smithing Business,

in all its branches, at his old stand in the south end of Asheville.

The superior manner in which he has horses shod, carriages, buggies and waggons ironed, and all manner of work done, are too well known to render it necessary to more than say he will as heretofore turn out none but good work.

Country produce of all kinds taken in payment for work, but it must in every case be delivered before the work is removed.

ELIAS L. TRIPLETT.

March 20, 1856.

GREENVILLE

MARBLE YARD.

THE subscriber has on hand, and is constantly receiving, a large and varied assortment of

American & Italian Marble,

to which he would call the attention of those in want of a suitable memento to mark the spot where repose the remains of their departed relatives and friends.

Carving and Lettering of all kinds neatly and promptly executed.

Particular attention paid to orders by mail.

Refer to D. G. Westfield, Gower, Cox, Markly & Co., Col. D. Hoke, J. A. David, and Dr. M. B. Earle, Greenville; Rev. A. W. Cummings, Asheville.

JAS. M. ALLEN.

Winslow W. Smith, Agent at Asheville.

Greenville, S. C., Feb. 24, 1859. 1y

NOTICE.

IN future, except in cases of sickness or inability, we will send no goods from our store for examination;—always glad to exhibit them at our counters to friends and customers. Our interest demands the adoption of this rule.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.